Build Community Android Distribution and Ensure the Quality

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translations are welcome!

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$$0x1ab = 16^2 + 16x10 + 11 = 427$$
 (founded on April 27, 2009)

Oxlab is another Hexspeak.



- **About Me** (1) Come from Taiwan
 - (2) Contribution of Android Open Source Project (AOSP)
 - (3) Developer, Linaro
 - (4) Contributed to GNU Classpath / Kaffe, Linux internationalization (i18n), Openmoko



Commercial Partners of Oxlab

ARM / Linaro

Contribute to Linaro Android since the first line of code

AzureWave

Build wireless networking & image processing solutions

Mediatek

Android based consumer products

Open Embedded Software Foundation

Contribute to the reference implementation



Eventually, partners can benefit from open source efforts and our experience.

Agenda

- (1) Build Android distribution
- (2) Lesson learned from AOSP
- (3) Ensure the Quality
- (4) Bring enhancements back to Community





Build Android Distribution based on non typical open source projects



The reason why we built community Android Distribution:

Initially, we just wanted to enable wireless connectivity features on Android for our hardware partnters.

But, we never thought that it was difficult to do things efficiently.

Oxdroid: enhanced Android distribution





DevKit8000



We suffered from performance and usability issues in AOSP. Oxdroid is basically the environment where we can develop and experiment.



What does Oxdroid deliver?

- Hardware enablement: Beagleboard (TI OMAP3), Pandaboard (TI OMAP4), Snowball (ST-Ericsson Ux500; on-going)
- Provide full source code for HAL
- Usability: software cursor, window manager fix, large screen tweaks, network connectivity fix
- Performance: ARM specific optimizations, graphics enhancement
- Features: Bluetooth HID (keyboard/mouse), external modem, 3D effects, customized Launcher



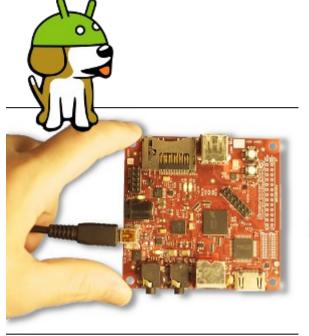
But, Oxlab is not really making yet another Android distribution. We wish to help community.

Oxdroid is just a *testbed* (or reference implementation), and the valuable changes should be merged in upstream or other community projects.

Strategy and Policy

- open source efforts to improve AOSP
- We focus on small-but-important area of Android.
 - toolchain, libc, dynamic linker, skia, software
 GL, system libraries, HAL, UX
- Develop system utilities for Android
 - benchmark, black-box testing tool, validation infrastructure
- Feature driven development
 - Faster boot/startup time, Bluetooth profile, visual enhancements
- Submit and share changes to...
 - AOSP, CyanogenMod, Android-x86, and Linaro

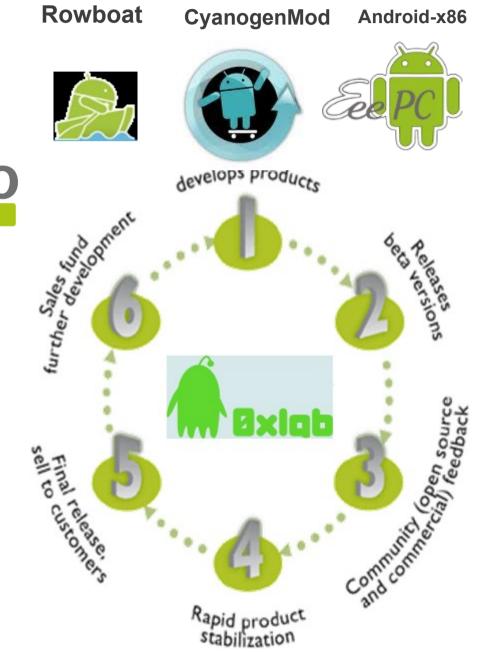




Working Model by Oxlab











Lesson Learned from AOSP



Let's go Upstream! Unfortunately, contributing to AOSP is an __art__.

You never know how Google thinks of your patches exactly, even through Gerrit (code review system).

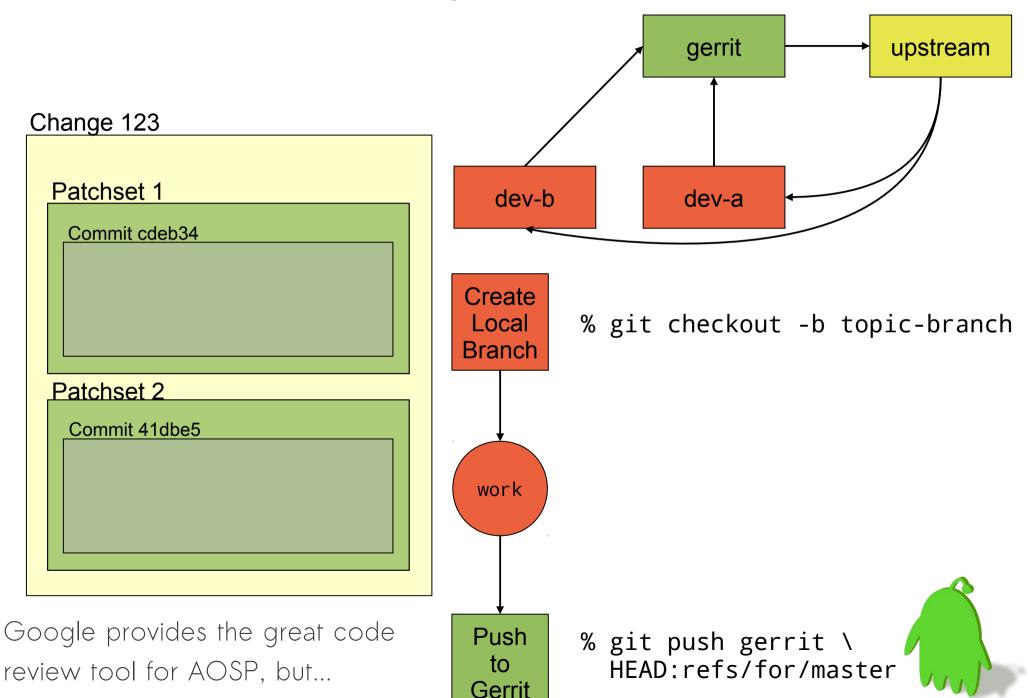


Problems We faced

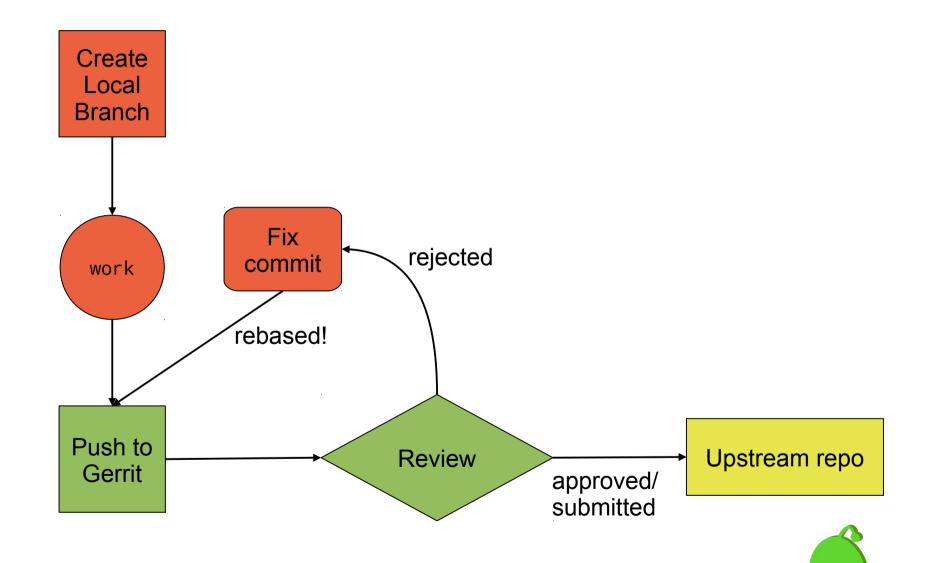
- AOSP looks like "An Open Source Pretender"
- No public roadmap
 - Therefore, we ignore the modifications against Android framework.
- The merged changes usually show up in next 1 or 2 public release.
 - It is really hard to introduce/track the relevant changes.
- Not clear discussions on android-contrib mailinglist. Sometimes, you have to have private communications to Google engineers.
- Version control / Code Review on invisible repositories (internal and far-away GIT tree)

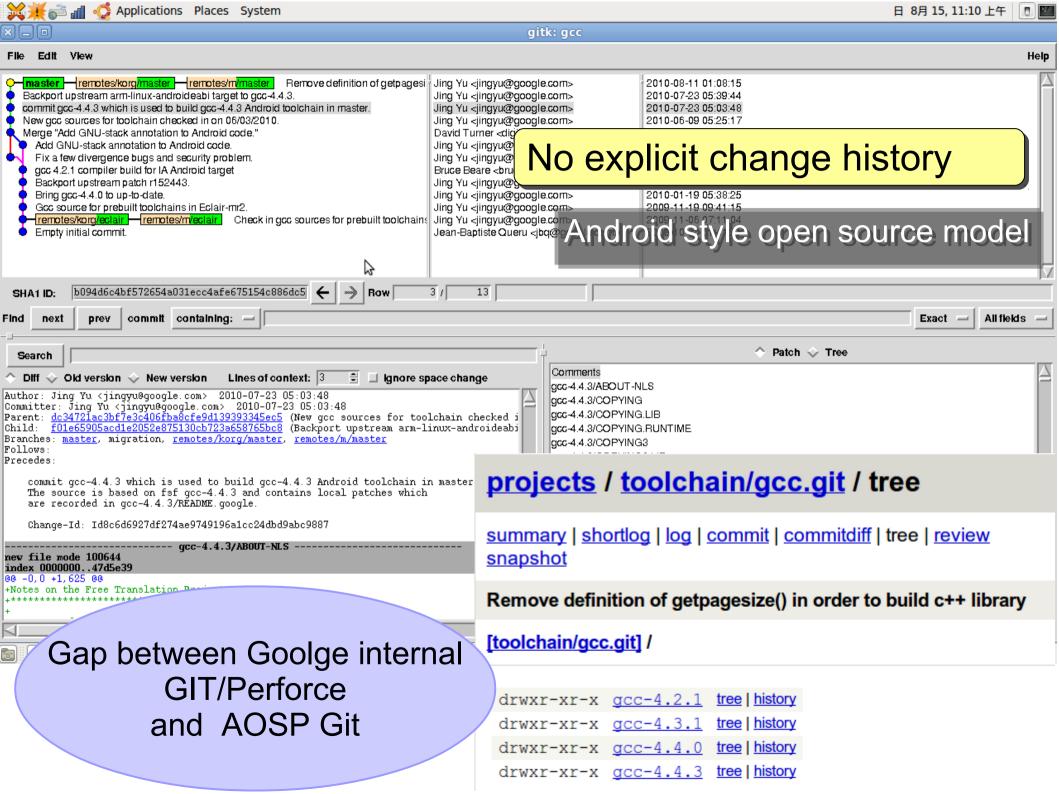


Change represented in Gerrit



Flow of AOSP submitted changes





After Gingerbread, it gets much clear for toolchain part

still have no idea why they changed

```
Patched toolchain to fix a few gcc and binutils bugs.
   Sources to build this toolchain are listed on arm-eabi-4.4.3/SOURCES
linux-x86/toolchain/arm-eabi-4.4.3/SOURCES
build/ synced to
       commit 4cc02faaa7e8828f9458b1828a6f85e7791ae2aa
       Author: Jim Huang <jserv@0xlab.org>
               Fri Aug 20 23:30:37 2010 +0800
  And rollback the following 3 patches.
  commit de263c26a7680529baca731c003bc58b68d72511
  Author: Jing Yu <jingyu@google.com>
          Thu Aug 12 15:52
  Date:
                           Although we can check git log, we
```

commit 81cce608ab19dcd0aaf7d08d57a4460229e43c45

Author: Jing Yu <jingyu@google.com>

Date: Tue Dec 14 10:55:23 2010 -0800

prebuilt/

Observed AOSP Working Model

- "master" branch in Android
 is the bridge between AOSP and Google internal
 tree. There are many contributions merged from
 companies, organizations, and individuals. But no
 efficient code review available for non-existing
 repositories. And, only few Google engineers do
 review changes.
- Master branch = the latest AOSP + Partial changes by Google (bug-fixes from internal tree)
 - –Not fully verified codebase.
- The best hints are the opinions written by Google engineers inside Gerrit.
 - –Send patches if possible

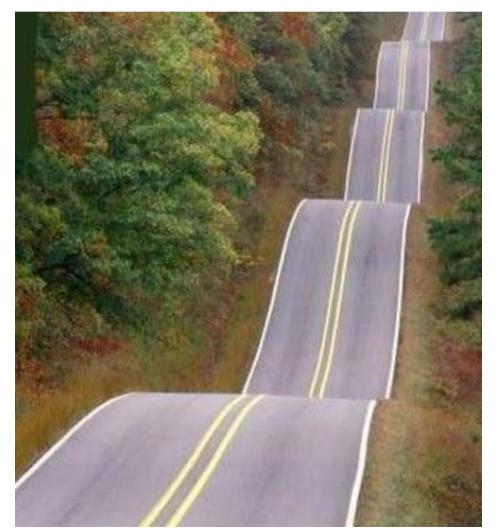
My interpretation of Android:

Hardware is Revolution;

Sotware is basically

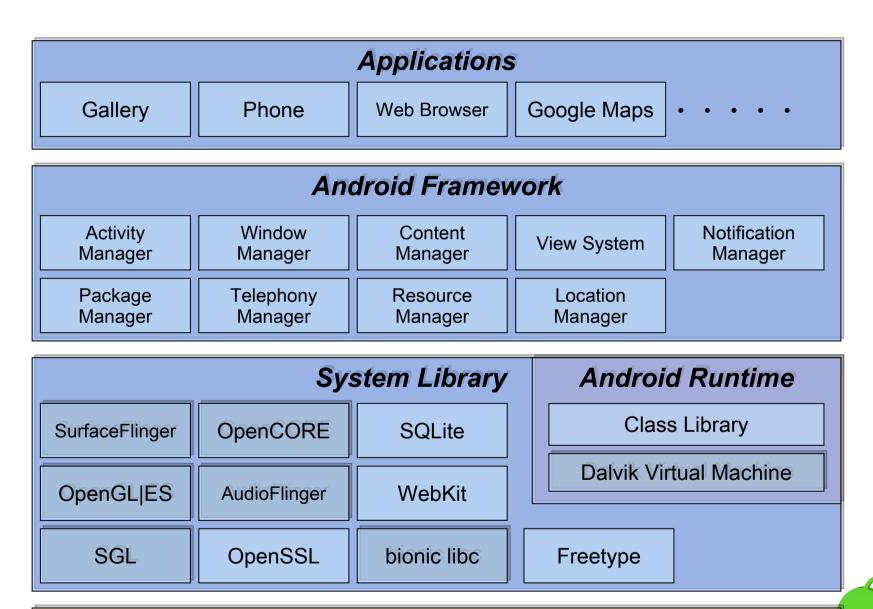
Evolution;

Android is Hardware-driven Software Revolution



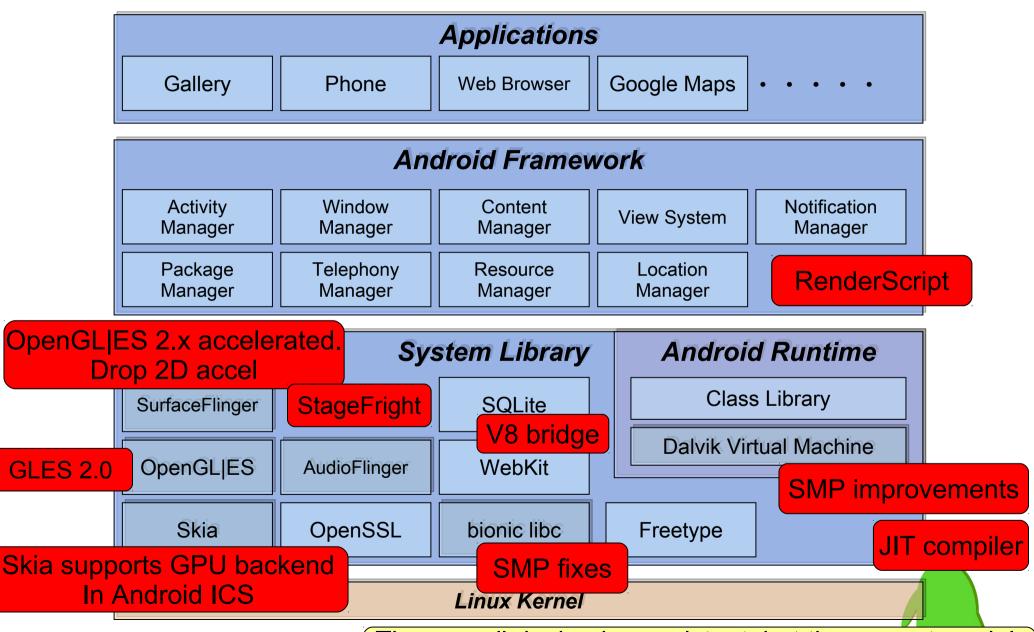


Functional View (Android 1.5)



Linux Kernel

Functional View (Android 2.3)



The overall design is consistant, but the current model prevents from diverse community contributions.

AOSP statistics for Gingerbread (Dec 2010)

4204	google.com		
1354	android.com	1 7	openbossa.org
98	sonyericsson.com	1 1	nxp.com
1 71	gmail.com	1 1	linux.org.tw
3 9	codeaurora.org	1 0	ti.com
3 9	samsung.com	1 0	acer.com.tw
38	intel.com	8	themaw.net
3 2	nokia.com	8	garmin.com
32	holtmann.org	7	snpe.rs
2 9	0xlab.org	7	motorola.com
2 5	trusted-logic.com	7	mc.pp.se
		7	googlemail.com
The variable and are a comparise after a Francisco Francisco			

The number are commits since Froyo release.

However, the valuable changes from community such as CyanogenMod are usually absent due to long-time review process.





Ensure the Quality

when building custom Android distribution and merging changes from community



Mission in our development: Improve UX in SoC

UX = User Experience

SoC = Integrated Computing Anywhere



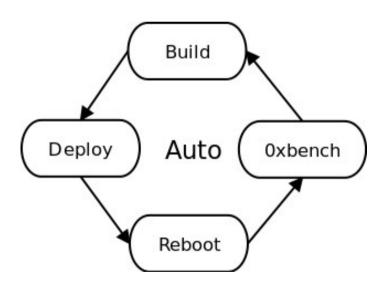
Quality in custom Android Distribution

- Oxlab delivers the advantages of open source software and development.
 - Quality relies on two factors: continuous development + strong user feedback
- Several utilities are developed to ensure the quality and released as open source software.
 - 0xbench (Android benchmarking tool)
 - ASTER (Android System Testing Environment and Runtime)
 - LAVA (Linaro Automated Validation Architecture)
- In the meanwhile, performance is improved by several patches against essential components.



LAVA: Automated Validation Infrastructure for Android

Android benchmark running on **LAVA**. Automated Validation flow includes from deploy, then reboot, testing, benchmark running, and result submit.



Android support on LAVA https://wiki.linaro.org/Platform/Validation/LAVA

Android related commands in LAVA:

- * deploy_linaro android image
- * boot linaro android image
- * test android basic
- * test android monkey
- * test android Oxbench
- * submit_results_on_host

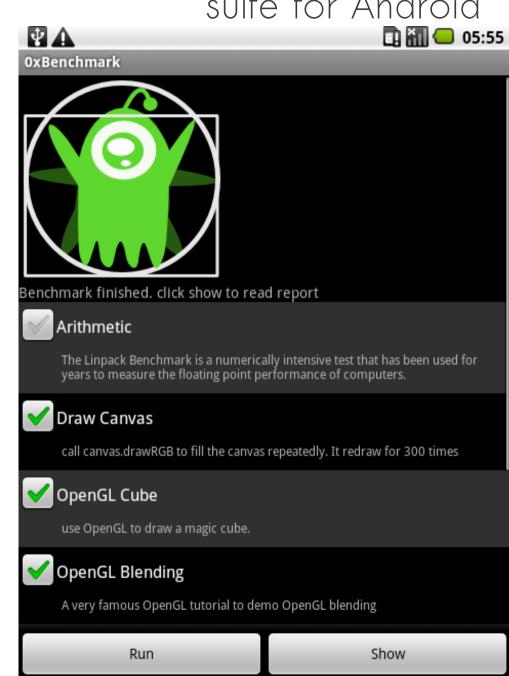


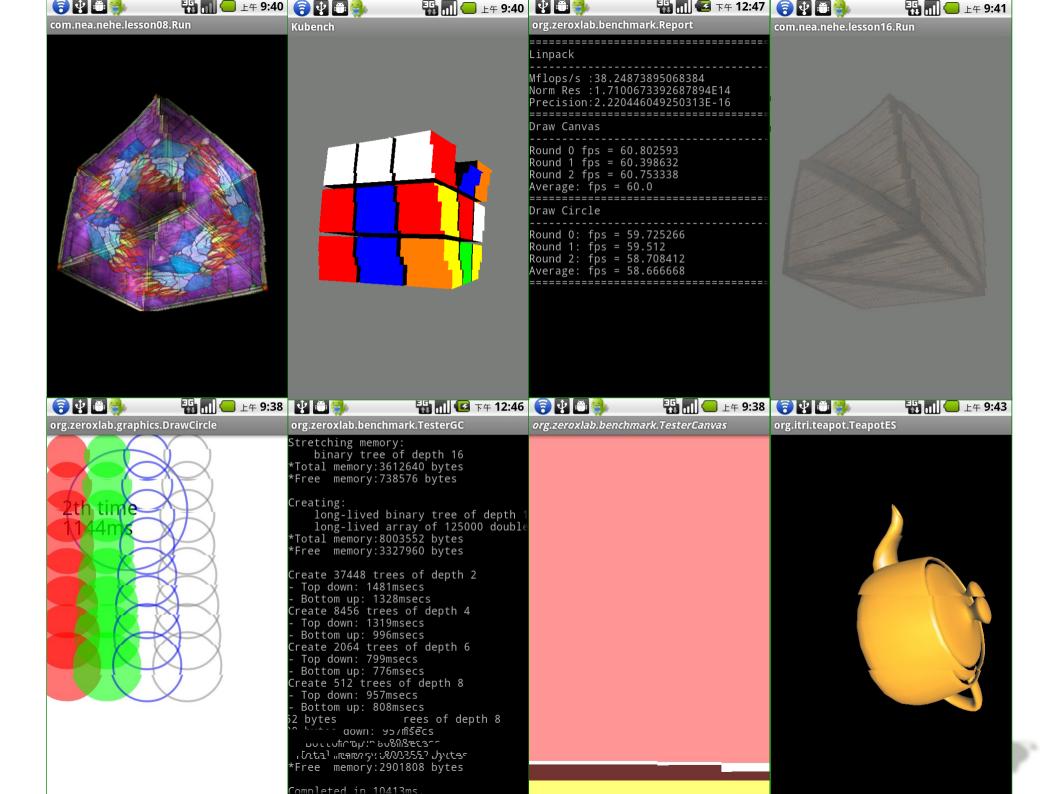


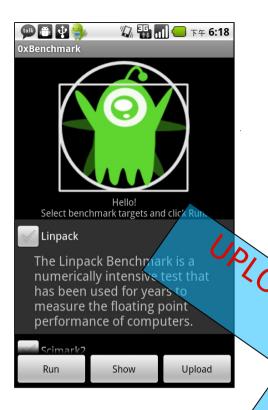
Oxbench: comprehensive open source benchmark

suite for Android

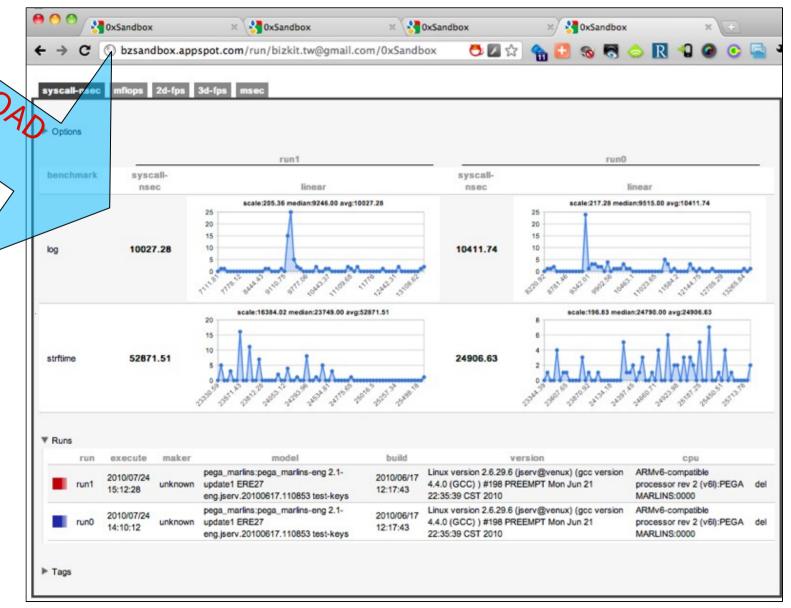
- A set of system utilities for Android to perform comprehensive system benchmarking
 - Dalvik VM performance
 - OpenGL|ES performance
 - Android Graphics framework performance
 - I/O performance
 - JavaScript engine performance
 - Connectivity performance
 - Micro-benchmark: stanard C library, system call, latency, Java invocation, ...







Collect and Analyze results on server-side



Android Functional Testing

- (1) stress test
- (2) Automated test



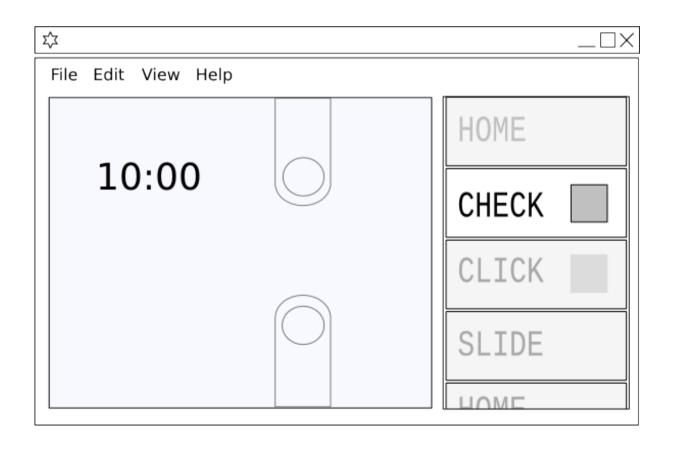
Stress Test

- According to CDD (Compatilbility Definition Document), Device implementations MUST include the Monkey framework, and make it available for applications to use.
- monkey is a command that can directly talks to
 Android framework and emulate random user input.
 adb shell monkey -p your.package.name -v 500
- Decide the percentage of touch events, keybord events, etc., then run automatically.



ASTER: Automated Test

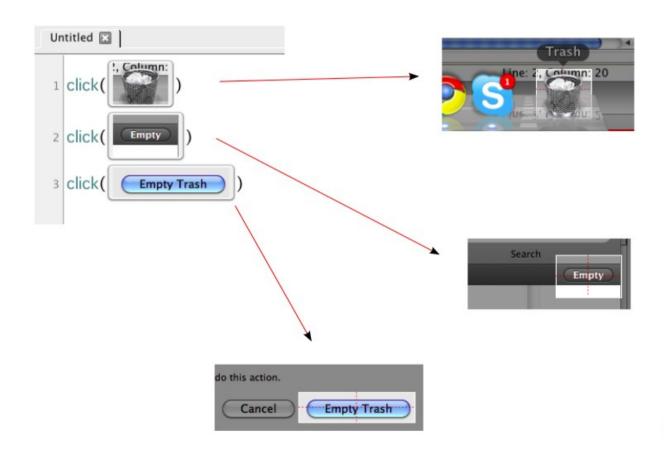
- Blackbox-test vs. Whitebox-test
- An easy to use automated testing tool.





Functional Test

Desktop: Sikuli





Aster

Designed for non-programmer

Easy to use IDE

Batch executing of test scripts

Multiple chain of recall command



Aster File Help ✓ Rotate Recall Done Touch Wait Touch Wait

Play Step Stop

Exceeding reder commune ...

Aster



0



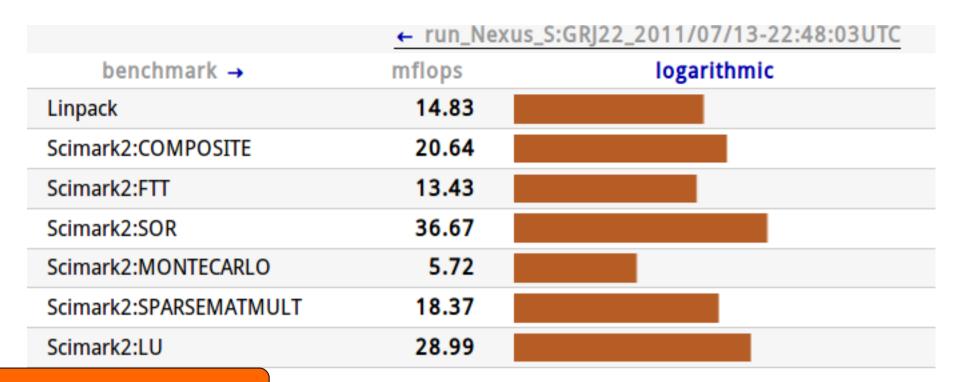
Bring Enhancements back to Community



What do we deliver to communty?

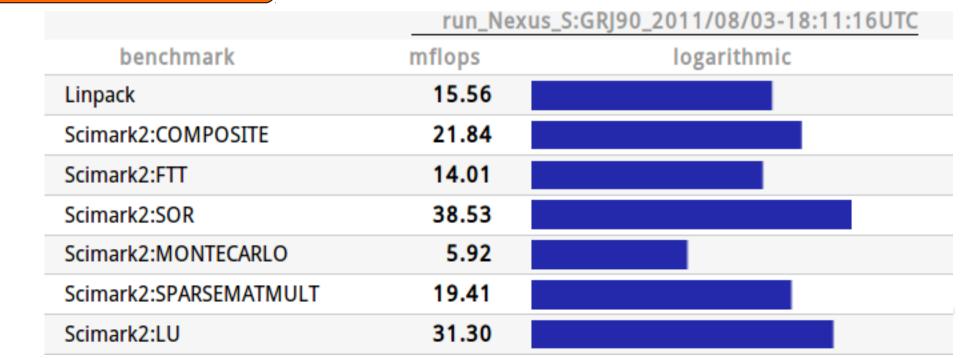
- Patches merged in AOSP, CyanogenMod, and Android-x86
- Implement 100% open source OpenGL|ES adaptation based on Mesa/3D into Android
 The world-first, important to Android-x86
- Performance: ARM specific optimizations, graphics enhancement
- Features: Bluetooth HID (keyboard/mouse), external modem, 3D effects, customized Launcher





Arithmetic on Nexus S

Tune Dalvik VM performance (armv7)



	← run_Nexus_S:GRJ22_2011/07/13-22:48:03UTC		
benchmark →	2d-fps	logarithmic	
DrawCanvas	55.56		
DrawCircle	29.15		
DrawCircle2	51.23		
DrawRect	32.81		
DrawArc	47.12		
DrawImage	53.36		
DrawText	55.29		

2D on Nexus S

Apply extra performance tweaks against optimized build (NEON)

,	← run_Nexus_S:GRJ90_2011/08/03-18:11:16UTC		
benchmark →	2d-fps	logarithmic	
DrawCanvas	56.06		
DrawCircle	33.19		
DrawCircle2	49.87		
DrawRect	42.42		
DrawArc	54.64		
DrawImage	55.85		
DrawText	55.44		

Benchmark: 2D (arm11-custom)

mflops 2d-fps 3d-fps msec Options advanced-performance2 advanced-performance startpoint benchmark 2d-fps 2d-fps 2d-fps linear linear linear DrawCanvas 49.93 48.38 14.65 DrawCircle 23.29 22.68 10.32 DrawCircle2 18.84 18.80 9.77 DrawRect 7.64 8.80 5.76 DrawArc 14.92 14.32 8.40 Drawlmage 5.59 5.50 3.10 DrawText 19.56 19.44 9.00 M3 + Linaro Toolchain **M3** 2.6.35 (2.6.32 pmem) benchmark 2d-fps 2d-fps 2d-fps linear linear linear 58.35 DrawCanvas 58.57 38.64 38.91 37.53 22.32 DrawCircle 18.67 17.92 19.64 DrawCircle2 DrawRect 19.71 19.26 16.23 26.84 24.68 24.66 DrawArc 6.73 6.69 6.22 Drawlmage Drawlmage2 19.16 19.06 15.69

29.28

29.22

DrawText



25.66

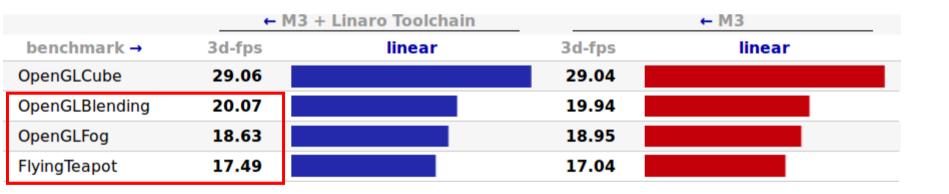
Benchmark: 3D (arm11-custom; no GPU)

mflops

2d-fps 3d-fps msec

Options

	advanced-performance2		advanced-performance		startpoint	
benchmark	3d-fps	linear	3d-fps	linear	3d-fps	linear
OpenGLCube	27.65		26.36		11.77	
OpenGLBlending	15.21		15.06		8.78	
OpenGLFog	14.03		13.86		8.36	
FlyingTeapot	12.30		11.26		7.38	



This explains that we have several system tools and development flow to help customers/community to verify the performance and improve.



Bionic libc

- Android C/C++ library
- 0xlab's Optimizations (merged in Android upstream)
 - Memory operations: Use ARMv6 unaligned access to optimize usual cases
 - Endian/Data Type conversion: Use ARMv6 fast endian primitives. Useful for TCP/IP (big endian / little endian converting)
 - Various ARM optimized string operations
 - memcpy, strcmp, strcpy, memset



Dynamic Linker Optimizations

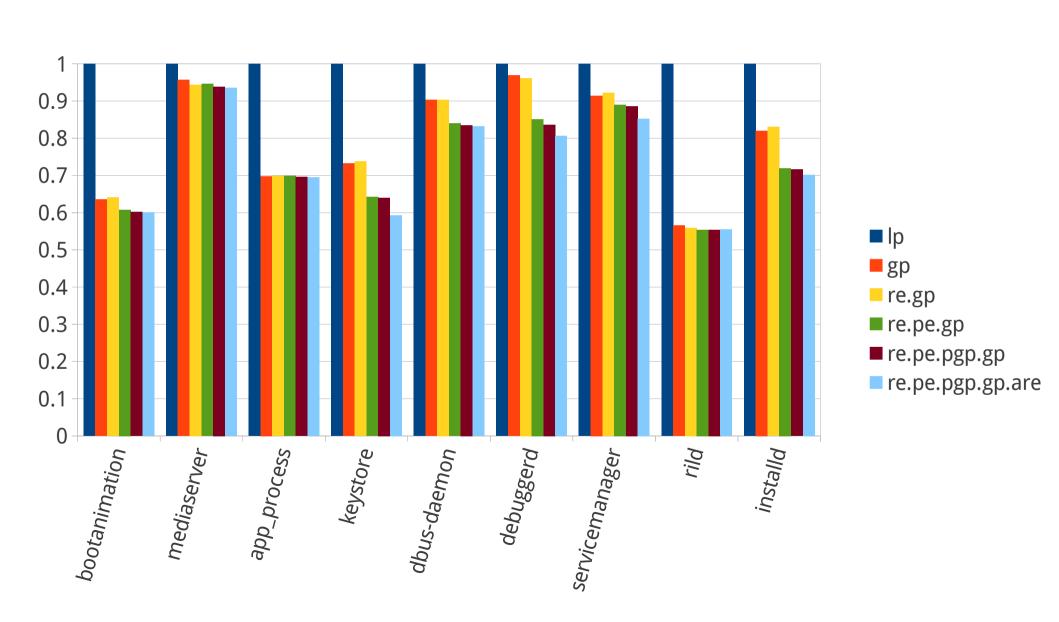


Why and How?

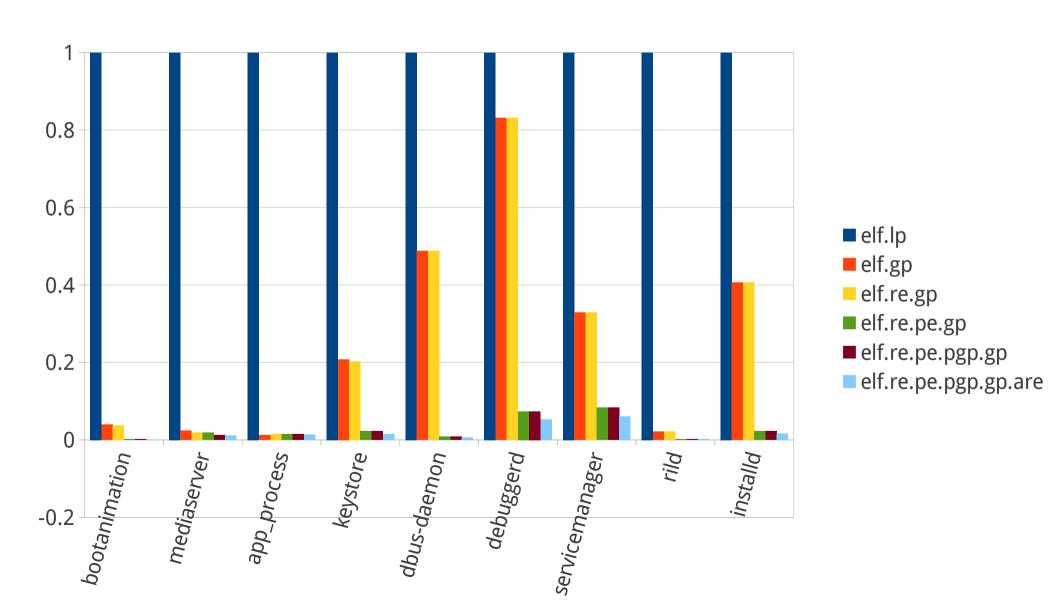
- The major reason to optimize dynamic linker is to speed up application startup time.
- Approaches:
 - Implement GNU style hash support for bionic linker
 - Prelinker improvements: incremental global prelinking
 - reduce the number of ELF symbol lookup aggressively
- Changed parts
 - apriori, soslim, linker, elfcopy, elfutils



(normalized) Dynamic Link time

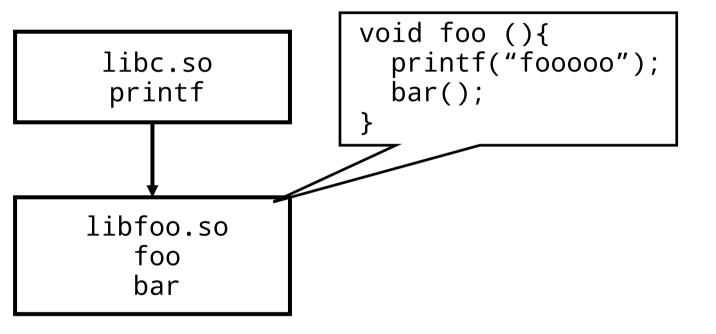


(normalized) Symbol Lookup number



DT_GNU_HASH: visible dynamic linking improvement = Better hash function (few collisions)

- + Drop unnecessary entry from hash
- + Bloom filter

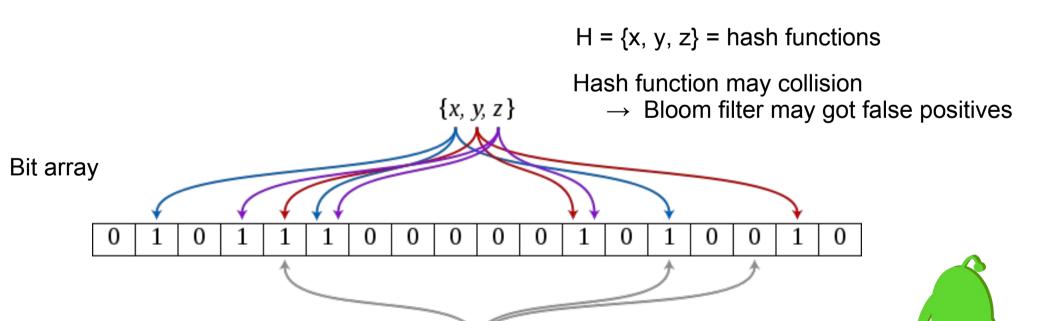


```
libfoo.so
DT_GNU_HASH

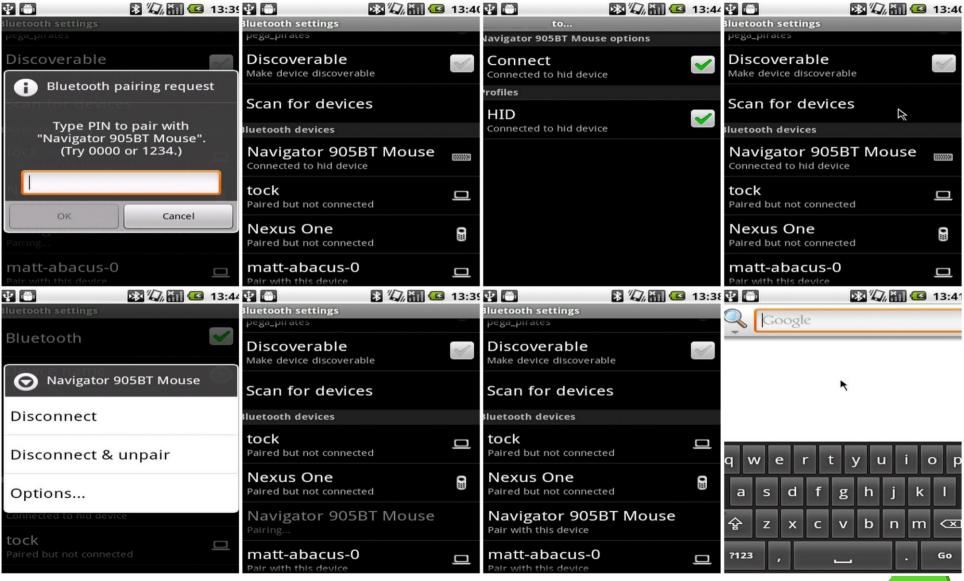
foo foo bar printf
```



	Symbols in ELF	lookup#	fail#	gnu hash	filtered by bloom
gnu.gp	3758	23702	19950	23310	18234(78%)
gnu.gp.re	3758	20544	16792	19604	14752(75%)
gnu.lp	61750	460996	399252	450074	345032(76%)
gnu.lp.re	61750	481626	419882	448492	342378(76%)



Bluetooth HID (Keyboard/Mouse)





Ul customizations

- Provide several UI/Launcher combination for small and large screen devices.
 - Sizing from HVGA, VGA, SVGA (Phone), to 720p/1080p (TV)
- Either modified Android Launcher or new replacement
- Licensed under Apache Software License



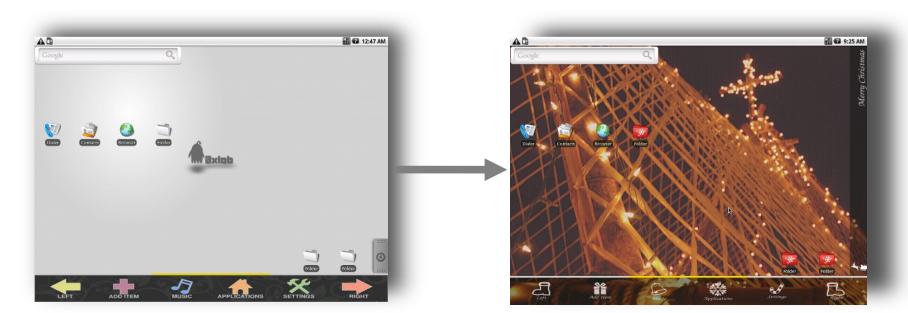
Some Ul Changes

- Hardware enablement: Beagleboard (TI OMAP3),
- BottomBar

Source code: http://gitorious.org/0xdroid/packages_apps_launcher

- PositionBar
 Visible Hint
- ThemeSelector

http://code.google.com/p/0xdroid/wiki/LauncherTheme





Products with Advanced 3D UI

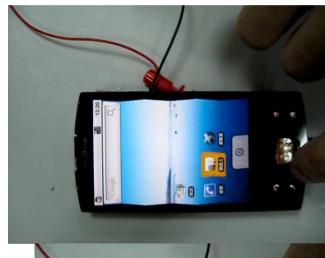
 3D effects and the ARM optimizations are enabled in Qualcomm platforms: MSM7x27 (with GPU) and MSM7x25 (software only)













Android Boot Time Optimizations



Boot loader

- Qi Boot-loader
 - Only <u>one</u> stage bootloader
 - Small footprint ~30K
 - Currently support
 - iMX31
 - Samsung 24xx
 - Beagleboard
 - KISS concept
 - Boot device and load kernel

	Qi Boot-oader	U-Boot + XLoader
Size	~30K	~270K+20K
Time to Kernel	< 1 s	> 5s
Usage	Product	Engineering
Code	Simple	Complicated



Optimized ARM Hibernation

- Based on existing technologies thus requires little modification to userspace
 - TuxOnIce
- Release clean-pages before suspend
- Swap out dirty-pages before save image
- Image size reduced leads to faster resume time.



Further Boot Time Optimization

- Save the heap image (like core dump) of Zygote after preloading classes
- Modify Dalvik to make hibernation image after system init and before Launcher startup
- Parallize Android init
- Cache & Share JITed code fragment



Resources

- 0xdroid Roadmap: http://code.google.com/p/0xdroid/wiki/Roadmap
- Source repository: http://gitorious.org/+0xlab
- Wiki: http://code.google.com/p/0xdroid/w/list
- Demo videos: http://www.youtube.com/0xlab
- Mailing-list:
 - General discussion: http://groups.google.com/group/0xlab-discuss
 - Technical / Development: http://groups.google.com/group/0xlab-devel
- IRC channel (FreeNode): #0xlab



Thanks for Attending

Special thanks to AzureWave, who sponsors me for a long time.

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Any Questions?



