ureadahead

Resurrection from the dead!

• A system start up tool created by Canonical in 2009 by Scott James Remnant

- A system start up tool created by Canonical in 2009 by Scott James Remnant
 - Who now works for Google!

- A system start up tool created by Canonical in 2009 by Scott James Remnant
 - Who now works for Google!
- Traces files that are opened during boot up

- A system start up tool created by Canonical in 2009 by Scott James Remnant
 - Who now works for Google!
- Traces files that are opened during boot up
- Calls mincore() system call to locate memory resident portions of the file

- A system start up tool created by Canonical in 2009 by Scott James Remnant
 - Who now works for Google!
- Traces files that are opened during boot up
- Calls mincore() system call to locate memory resident portions of the file
- Creates a "pack" file storing the files and information on what was read

- A system start up tool created by Canonical in 2009 by Scott James Remnant
 - Who now works for Google!
- Traces files that are opened during boot up
- Calls mincore() system call to locate memory resident portions of the file
- Creates a "pack" file storing the files and information on what was read
- Subsequent boot ups will use this information to call readahead()

• When an application execs, it does not get all its memory

- When an application execs, it does not get all its memory
- The kernel sets up Virtual Memory Area (VMA) information for the process
 - o This is a mapping between the virtual address of the process and where to fill that data

- When an application execs, it does not get all its memory
- The kernel sets up Virtual Memory Area (VMA) information for the process
 - o This is a mapping between the virtual address of the process and where to fill that data
 - IT DOES NOT FILL IT IMMEDIATELY

- When an application execs, it does not get all its memory
- The kernel sets up Virtual Memory Area (VMA) information for the process
 - o This is a mapping between the virtual address of the process and where to fill that data
 - IT DOES NOT FILL IT IMMEDIATELY
 - Unless mlockall() is used

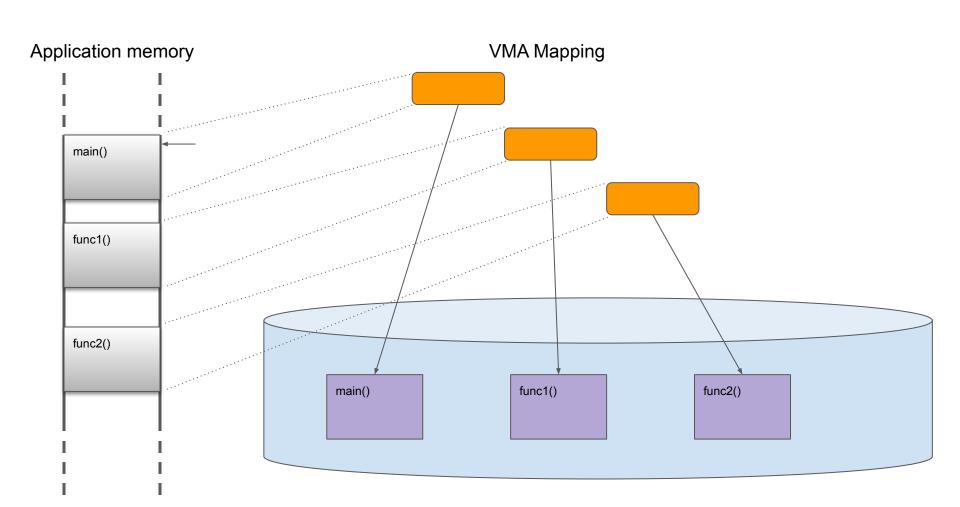
- When an application execs, it does not get all its memory
- The kernel sets up Virtual Memory Area (VMA) information for the process
 - This is a mapping between the virtual address of the process and where to fill that data
 - IT DOES NOT FILL IT IMMEDIATELY
 - Unless mlockall() is used
- When the process executes memory that is not filled in yet, it will fault

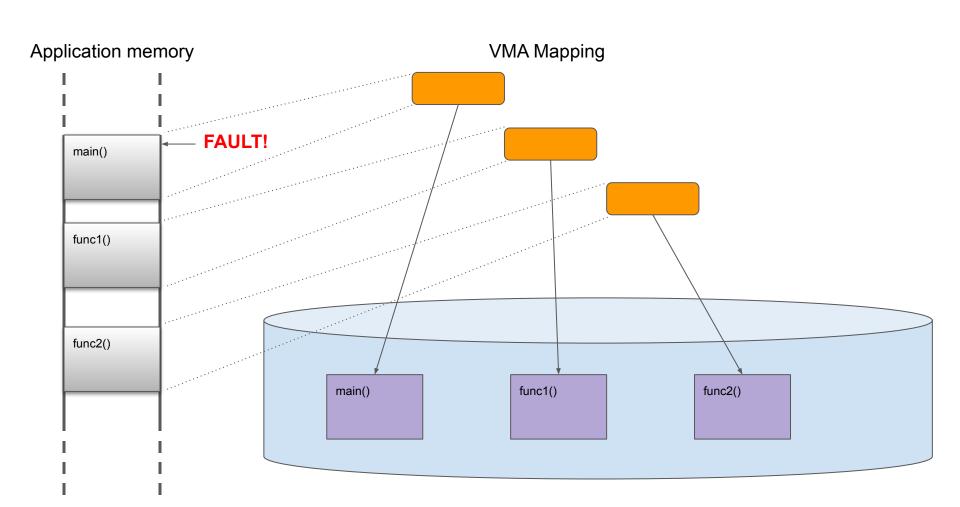
- When an application execs, it does not get all its memory
- The kernel sets up Virtual Memory Area (VMA) information for the process
 - This is a mapping between the virtual address of the process and where to fill that data
 - IT DOES NOT FILL IT IMMEDIATELY
 - Unless mlockall() is used
- When the process executes memory that is not filled in yet, it will fault
 - The kernel will then look up the VMA tables and read the memory in

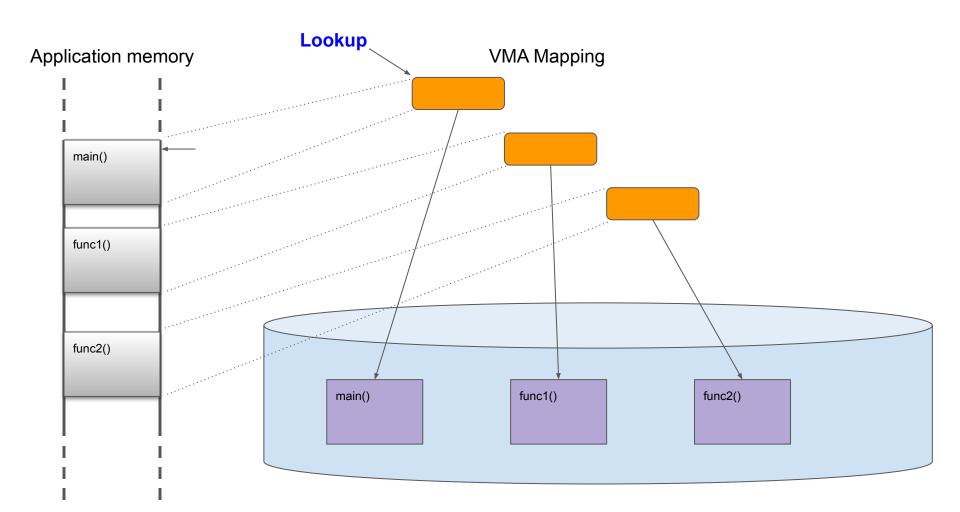
- When an application execs, it does not get all its memory
- The kernel sets up Virtual Memory Area (VMA) information for the process
 - This is a mapping between the virtual address of the process and where to fill that data
 - IT DOES NOT FILL IT IMMEDIATELY
 - Unless mlockall() is used
- When the process executes memory that is not filled in yet, it will fault
 - The kernel will then look up the VMA tables and read the memory in
 - If it reads from disk, it is considered a major fault (slow!)

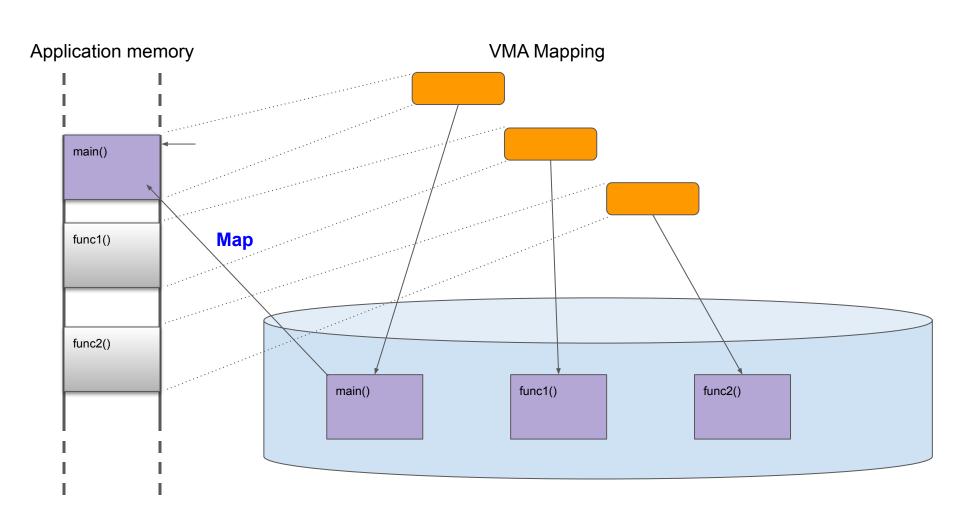
- When an application execs, it does not get all its memory
- The kernel sets up Virtual Memory Area (VMA) information for the process
 - This is a mapping between the virtual address of the process and where to fill that data
 - IT DOES NOT FILL IT IMMEDIATELY
 - Unless mlockall() is used
- When the process executes memory that is not filled in yet, it will fault
 - The kernel will then look up the VMA tables and read the memory in
 - If it reads from disk, it is considered a major fault (slow!)
 - If the memory is in the page cache, it is a minor fault (fast!)

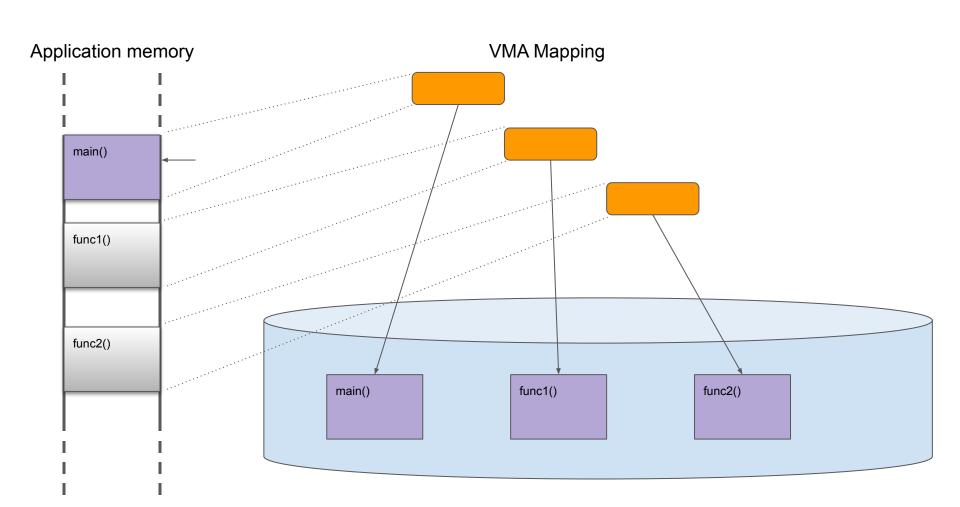
- When an application execs, it does not get all its memory
- The kernel sets up Virtual Memory Area (VMA) information for the process
 - This is a mapping between the virtual address of the process and where to fill that data
 - IT DOES NOT FILL IT IMMEDIATELY
 - Unless mlockall() is used
- When the process executes memory that is not filled in yet, it will fault
 - The kernel will then look up the VMA tables and read the memory in
 - If it reads from disk, it is considered a major fault (slow!)
 - If the memory is in the page cache, it is a minor fault (fast!)
- Works for databases that access the same information in a database file

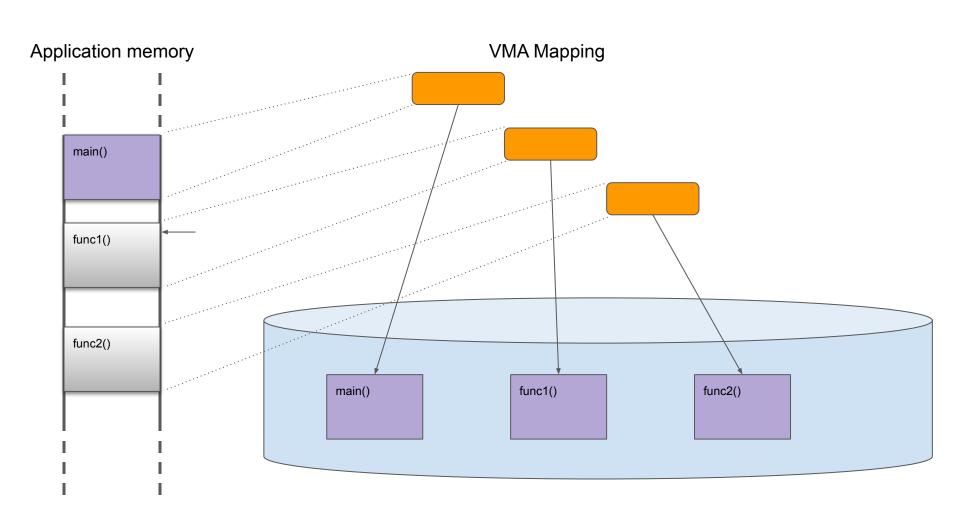


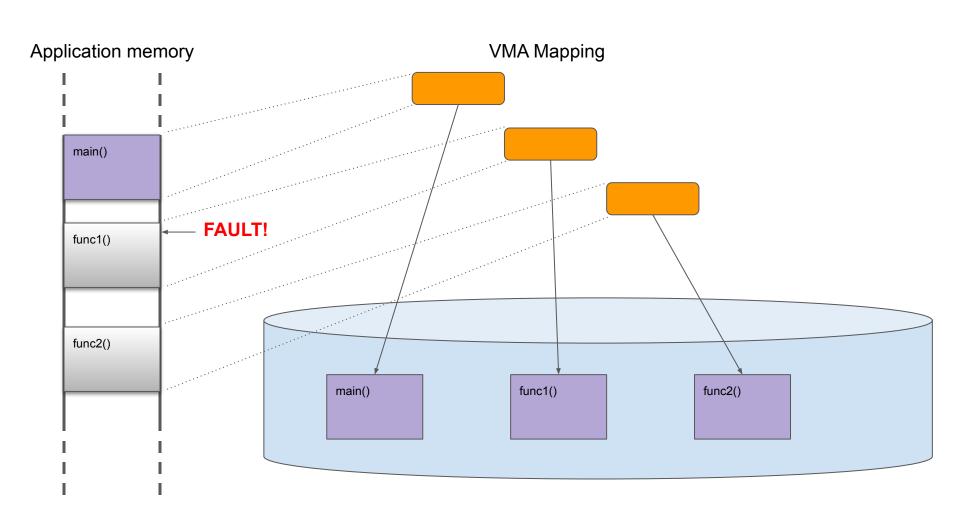












```
># trace-cmd record -p function_graph -l handle_mm_fault -e mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache chrome
># mv trace.dat trace-chrome-start.dat
```

```
># trace-cmd record -p function_graph -l handle_mm_fault -e mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache chrome
># mv trace.dat trace-chrome-start.dat

># trace-cmd record -p function_graph -l handle_mm_fault -e mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache chrome
># mv trace.dat trace-chrome-second.dat
```

```
># trace-cmd record -p function_graph -l handle_mm_fault -e mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache chrome
># mv trace.dat trace-chrome-start.dat
># trace-cmd record -p function_graph -l handle_mm_fault -e mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache chrome
># my trace.dat trace-chrome-second.dat
># trace-cmd report trace-chrome-start.dat
cpus=8
         chrome-4098 [004] 154614.281855: funcgraph entry: + 53.556 us | handle mm fault():
                      [004] 154614.281982: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino e0011 pfn=0x2708df ofs=0 order=0
         chrome-4098
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283043: funcgraph entry:
                                                                               handle mm fault() {
                      [004] 154614.283083: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x2711c3 ofs=1196032 order=0
         chrome-4098
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283089: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x272183 ofs=1200128 order=0
                     [004] 154614.283093: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x277a68 ofs=1204224 order=0
         chrome-4098
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283098: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x27099b ofs=1208320 order=0
                      [004] 154614.283102: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x270e0d ofs=1212416 order=0
         chrome-4098
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283107: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x270271 ofs=1216512 order=0
                      [004] 154614.283112: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x2709a7 ofs=1220608 order=0
         chrome-4098
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283116: mm filemap add to page cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x270098 ofs=1224704 order=0
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283121: mm filemap add to page cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x27068e ofs=1228800 order=0
                      [004] 154614.283126: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x277ce0 ofs=1232896 order=0
         chrome-4098
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283130: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x277b61 ofs=1236992 order=0
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283135: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x27100d ofs=1241088 order=0
                      [004] 154614.283139: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x272bc7 ofs=1245184 order=0
         chrome-4098
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283144: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x2705b3 ofs=1249280 order=0
                      [004] 154614.283149: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x276de7 ofs=1253376 order=0
         chrome-4098
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283162: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x271de8 ofs=1257472 order=0
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283167: mm filemap add to page cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x2731e0 ofs=1261568 order=0
         chrome-4098
                     [004] 154614.283531: funcgraph exit: ! 489.639 us | }
```

```
># trace-cmd record -p function_graph -l handle_mm_fault -e mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache chrome
># mv trace.dat trace-chrome-start.dat
># trace-cmd record -p function_graph -l handle_mm_fault -e mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache chrome
># mv trace.dat trace-chrome-second.dat
># trace-cmd report trace-chrome-start.dat
cpus=8
                                             Minor fault
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.281855:
                                                               + 53.556 us
                                                                           | handle mm fault():
                      [004] 154614.281982: http://www.ricemap_auo_cq dage_cache: dev 254:3 ino e0011 pfn=0x2708df ofs=0 order=0
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283043: funcaraph entry:
         chrome-4098
                                                                               handle mm fault() {
         chrome-4098
                           154614.283083: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x2711c3 ofs=1196032 order=0
                      [004] 154614.283089: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x272183 ofs=1200128 order=0
         chrome-4098
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283093: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x277a68 ofs=1204224 order=0
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283098: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x27099b ofs=1208320 order=0
                      [004] 154614.283102: mm filemap add to page cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x270e0d ofs=1212416 order=0
         chrome-4098
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283107: mm filemap add to page cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x270271 ofs=1216512 order=0
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283112: mm filemap add to page cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x2709a7 ofs=1220608 order=0
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283116: mm filemap add to page cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x270098 ofs=1224704 order=0
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283121; mm filemap add to page cache; dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x27068e ofs=1228800 order=0
                      [004] 154614.283126: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x277ce0 ofs=1232896 order=0
         chrome-4098
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283130: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x277b61 ofs=1236992 order=0
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283135: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x27100d ofs=1241088 order=0
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283139: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x272bc7 ofs=1245184 order=0
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283144: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x2705b3 ofs=1249280 order=0
                      [004] 154614.283149: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x276de7 ofs=1253376 order=0
         chrome-4098
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283162: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x271de8 ofs=1257472 order=0
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283167; mm filemap add to page cache; dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x2731e0 ofs=1261568 order=0
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283531: funcaraph exit: ! 489.639 us | }
```

```
># trace-cmd record -p function_graph -l handle_mm_fault -e mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache chrome
># mv trace.dat trace-chrome-start.dat
># trace-cmd record -p function_graph -l handle_mm_fault -e mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache chrome
># mv trace.dat trace-chrome-second.dat
># trace-cmd report trace-chrome-start.dat
cpus=8
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.281855: funcgraph entry: + 53.556 us | handle mm fault():
                      [004] 154614.281982: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino e0011 pfn=0x2708df ofs=0 order=0
         chrome-4098
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283043: funcgraph entry:
                                                                              handle mm fault() {
                           154614.283083: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x2711c3 ofs=1196032 order=0
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283089: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x272183 ofs=1200128 order=0
         chrome-4098
         chrome-4098
                     [004] 154614.283093: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x277a68 ofs=1204224 order=0
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283098: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x27099b ofs=1208320 order=0
                      [004] 154614.283102: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x270e0d ofs=1212416 order=0
         chrome-4098
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283107: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x270271 ofs=1216512 order=0
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283112: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x2709a7 ofs=1220608 order=0
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283116: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x270098 ofs=1224704 order=0
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283121: mm filemap add to page cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x27068e ofs=1228800 order=0
                      [004] 154614.283126: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x277ce0 ofs=1232896 order=0
         chrome-4098
         chrome-4098
                           154614.283130: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x277b61 ofs=1236992 order=0
                      [004] 154614.283135: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x27100d ofs=1241088 order=0
         chrome-4098
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283139: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x272bc7 ofs=1245184 order=0
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283144: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x2705b3 ofs=1249280 order=0
                      [004] 154614.283149: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x276de7 ofs=1253376 order=0
         chrome-4098
         chrome-4098
                      [004] 154614.283162: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ing/13f82f pfn=0x271de8 ofs=1257472 order=0
                                                                                    12f02f nfn-0v2721q0 ofs=1261568 order=0
                      [004] 154614.283167: mm filemap add to page cache: dev 254:3
         chrome-4098
         chrome-4098
                     [004] 154614.283531: funcgraph_exit:
                                                             ! 489.639 us
                                                                                     Major fault
```

```
int main (int argc, char **argv)
     struct tracecmd_input *handle;
     struct data data = {};
     handle = tracecmd_open(argv[1], 0);
     tracecmd_follow_event(handle, "ftrace", "funcgraph_exit",
                           func_graph_exit, &data);
     tracecmd_follow_event(handle, "filemap", "mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache",
                           mm_filemap, &data);
     tracecmd_iterate_events(handle, NULL, 0, NULL, NULL);
     tracecmd_close(handle);
     printf("Page faults: %lld\n", data.nr_page_faults);
     printf("Page fault time:
     print_time(data.page_fault_time);
     printf("file mapping count: %lld\n", data.nr_filemaps);
     return 0;
```

```
int main (int argc, char **argv)
     struct tracecmd_input *handle;
     struct data data = {};
     handle = tracecmd_open(argv[1], 0);
     tracecmd_follow_event(handle, "ftrace", "funcgraph_exit",
                           func_graph_exit, &data);
     tracecmd_follow_event(handle, "filemap", "mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache",
                           mm_filemap, &data);
     tracecmd_iterate_events(handle, NULL, 0, NULL, NULL);
     tracecmd_close(handle);
     printf("Page faults: %lld\n", data.nr_page_faults);
     printf("Page fault time:
     print_time(data.page_fault_time);
     printf("file mapping count: %lld\n", data.nr_filemaps);
     return 0;
```

```
int main (int argc, char **argv)
     struct tracecmd_input *handle;
     struct data data = {};
     handle = tracecmd_open(argv[1], 0);
     tracecmd_follow_event(handle, "ftrace", "funcgraph_exit",
                           func_graph_exit &data):
     tracecmd_follow_event(handle, "filemap", "mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache",
                           mm_filemap, &data);
     tracecmd_iterate_events(handle, NULL, 0, NULL, NULL);
     tracecmd_close(handle);
     printf("Page faults: %lld\n", data.nr_page_faults);
     printf("Page fault time:
     print_time(data.page_fault_time);
     printf("file mapping count: %lld\n", data.nr_filemaps);
     return 0;
```

```
int main (int argc, char **argv)
     struct tracecmd_input *handle;
     struct data data = {};
     handle = tracecmd_open(argv[1], 0);
     tracecmd_follow_event(handle, "ftrace", "funcgraph_exit",
                           func_graph_exit, &data);
     tracecmd_follow_event(handle, "filemap", "mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache",
                           mm_filemap, &data);
     tracecmd_iterate_events(handle, NULL, 0, NULL, NULL);
     tracecmd_close(handle);
     printf("Page faults: %lld\n", data.nr_page_faults);
     printf("Page fault time:
     print_time(data.page_fault_time);
     printf("file mapping count: %lld\n", data.nr_filemaps);
     return 0;
```

```
static int func_graph_exit(struct tracecmd_input *handle, struct tep_event *event,
                     struct tep_record *record, int cpu, void *data)
      struct tep_handle *tep = tracecmd_get_tep(handle);
      static struct tep_format_field *func_field;
      static struct tep_format_field *call_field;
      static struct tep format field *ret field:
     unsigned long long calltime, rettime, val;
      struct data *d = data:
      const char *func;
      if (!func_field) {
            func_field = tep_find_field(event, "func");
            call_field = tep_find_field(event, "calltime");
            ret_field = tep_find_field(event, "rettime");
      tep_read_number_field(func_field, record->data, &val);
      func = tep_find_function(tep, val);
      tep_read_number_field(call_field, record->data, &calltime);
      tep_read_number_field(ret_field, record->data, &rettime);
      if (strcmp(func, "handle_mm_fault") == 0) {
```

d->nr_page_faults++;

return 0;

d->page_fault_time += rettime - calltime;

```
static int func_graph_exit(struct tracecmd_input *handle, struct tep_event *event,
                     struct tep_record *record, int cpu, void *data)
      struct tep_handle *tep = tracecmd_get_tep(handle);
      static struct tep_format_field *func_field;
      static struct tep_format_field *call_field;
      static struct tep format field *ret field:
     unsigned long long calltime, rettime, val;
      struct data *d = data:
      const char *func;
      if (!func_field) {
            func_field = tep_find_field(event, "func");
            call_field = tep_find_field(event, "calltime");
            ret_field = tep_find_field(event, "rettime");
      tep_read_number_field(func_field, record->data, &val);
      func = tep_find_function(tep, val);
      tep_read_number_field(call_field, record->data, &calltime);
      tep_read_number_field(ret_field, record->data, &rettime);
      if (strcmp(func, "handle_mm_fault") == 0) {
            d->nr_page_faults++;
            d->page_fault_time += rettime - calltime;
```

return 0;

```
static int func_graph_exit(struct tracecmd_input *handle, struct tep_event *event,
                     struct tep_record *record, int cpu, void *data)
      struct tep_handle *tep = tracecmd_get_tep(handle);
      static struct tep_format_field *func_field;
      static struct tep_format_field *call_field;
      static struct tep_format_field *ret_field;
     unsigned long long calltime, rettime, val;
      struct data *d = data:
      const char *func;
      if (!func_field) {
            func_field = tep_find_field(event, "func");
            call_field = tep_find_field(event, "calltime");
            ret_field = tep_find_field(event, "rettime");
      tep_read_number_field(func_field, record->data, &val);
      func = tep_find_function(tep, val);
      tep_read_number_field(call_field, record->data, &calltime);
      tep_read_number_field(ret_field, record->data, &rettime);
      if (strcmp(func, "handle_mm_fault") == 0) {
            d->nr_page_faults++;
            d->page_fault_time += rettime - calltime;
```

return 0;

```
static int func_graph_exit(struct tracecmd_input *handle, struct tep_event *event,
                     struct tep_record *record, int cpu, void *data)
      struct tep_handle *tep = tracecmd_get_tep(handle);
      static struct tep_format_field *func_field;
      static struct tep_format_field *call_field;
      static struct tep format field *ret field:
     unsigned long long calltime, rettime, val;
      struct data *d = data:
      const char *func;
      if (!func_field) {
            func_field = tep_find_field(event, "func");
            call_field = tep_find_field(event, "calltime");
            ret_field = tep_find_field(event, "rettime");
      tep_read_number_field(func_field, record->data, &val);
      func = tep_find_function(tep, val);
      tep_read_number_field(call_field, record->data, &calltime);
      tep_read_number_field(ret_field, record->data, &rettime);
      if (strcmp(func, "handle_mm_fault") == 0) {
            d->nr_page_faults++;
            d->page_fault_time += rettime - calltime;
      return 0;
```

```
static int func_graph_exit(struct tracecmd_input *handle, struct tep_event *event,
                     struct tep_record *record, int cpu, void *data)
      struct tep_handle *tep = tracecmd_get_tep(handle);
      static struct tep_format_field *func_field;
      static struct tep_format_field *call_field;
      static struct tep format field *ret field:
     unsigned long long calltime, rettime, val;
      struct data *d = data:
      const char *func;
      if (!func_field) {
            func_field = tep_find_field(event, "func");
            call_field = tep_find_field(event, "calltime");
            ret_field = tep_find_field(event, "rettime");
      tep_read_number_field(func_field, record->data, &val);
      func = tep_find_function(tep, val);
      tep_read_number_field(call_field, record->data, &calltime);
      tep_read_number_field(ret_field, record->data, &rettime);
      if (strcmp(func, "handle_mm_fault") == 0) {
            d->nr_page_faults++;
            d->page_fault_time += rettime - calltime;
```

```
static int func_graph_exit(struct tracecmd_input *handle, struct tep_event *event,
                     struct tep_record *record, int cpu, void *data)
      struct tep_handle *tep = tracecmd_get_tep(handle);
      static struct tep_format_field *func_field;
      static struct tep_format_field *call_field;
      static struct tep format field *ret field:
     unsigned long long calltime, rettime, val;
      struct data *d = data:
      const char *func;
      if (!func_field) {
            func_field = tep_find_field(event, "func");
            call_field = tep_find_field(event, "calltime");
            ret_field = tep_find_field(event, "rettime");
      tep_read_number_field(func_field, record->data, &val);
      func = tep_find_function(tep, val);
      tep_read_number_field(call_field, record->data, &calltime);
      tep_read_number_field(ret_field, record->data, &rettime);
      if (strcmp(func, "handle_mm_fault") == 0) {
            d->nr_page_faults++;
            d->page_fault_time += rettime - calltime;
```

```
static int func_graph_exit(struct tracecmd_input *handle, struct tep_event *event,
                     struct tep_record *record, int cpu, void *data)
      struct tep_handle *tep = tracecmd_get_tep(handle);
      static struct tep_format_field *func_field;
      static struct tep_format_field *call_field;
      static struct tep format field *ret field:
     unsigned long long calltime, rettime, val;
      struct data *d = data:
      const char *func;
      if (!func_field) {
            func_field = tep_find_field(event, "func");
            call_field = tep_find_field(event, "calltime");
            ret_field = tep_find_field(event, "rettime");
      tep_read_number_field(func_field, record->data, &val);
      func = tep_find_function(tep, val);
      tep_read_number_field(call_field, record->data, &calltime);
      tep_read_number_field(ret_field, record->data, &rettime);
      if (strcmp(func, "handle_mm_fault") == 0) {
            d->nr_page_faults++;
            d->page_fault_time += rettime - calltime;
```

d->nr_filemaps++;

```
int main (int argc, char **argv)
     struct tracecmd_input *handle;
     struct data data = {};
     handle = tracecmd_open(argv[1], 0);
     tracecmd_follow_event(handle, "ftrace", "funcgraph_exit",
                           func_graph_exit, &data);
     tracecmd_follow_event(handle, "filemap", "mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache",
                           mm_filemap, &data);
     tracecmd_iterate_events(handle, NULL, 0, NULL, NULL);
     tracecmd_close(handle);
     printf("Page faults: %lld\n", data.nr_page_faults);
     printf("Page fault time:
     print_time(data.page_fault_time);
     printf("file mapping count: %lld\n", data.nr_filemaps);
     return 0;
```

```
#define NS_PER_SEC 100000000ULL

static void print_time(unsigned long long time)
{
    unsigned long long secs;
    unsigned long long usecs;

    secs = time / NS_PER_SEC;
    usecs = time - (secs * NS_PER_SEC);
    usecs /= 1000;
    printf("%lld.%06lld\n", secs, usecs);
}
```

```
#define NS_PER_SEC 100000000ULL

static void print_time(unsigned long long time)
{
    unsigned long long secs;
    unsigned long long usecs;

    secs = time / NS_PER_SEC;
    usecs = time - (secs * NS_PER_SEC);
    usecs /= 1000;
    printf("%lld.%06lld\n", secs, usecs);
}
```

Code at: https://rostedt.org/code/cnt-page-faults.c

Compile with: gcc -o cnt-page-faults cnt-page-faults.c `pkg-config --cflags --libs libtracecmd`

The first boot traces files opened

- The first boot traces files opened
 - After the trace it reads the memory that is mapped

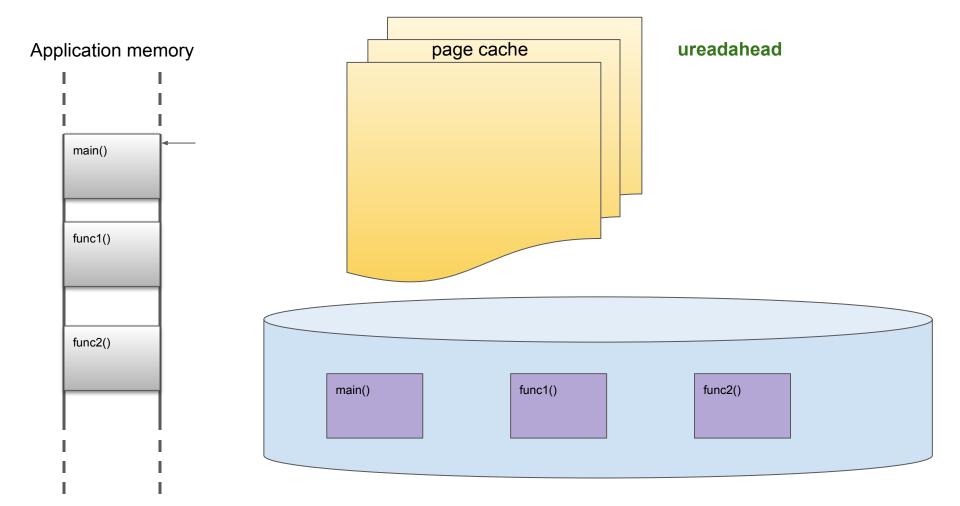
- The first boot traces files opened
 - After the trace it reads the memory that is mapped
 - Creates a "pack" file

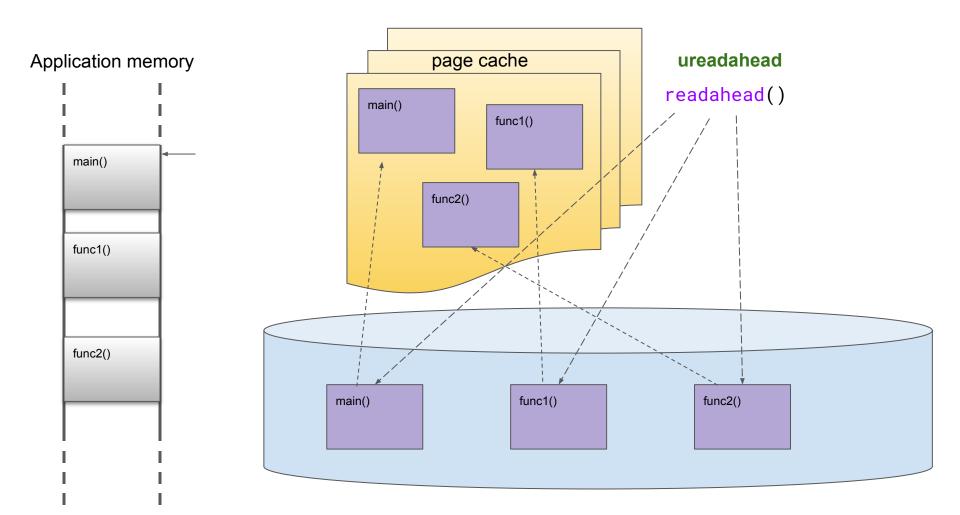
- The first boot traces files opened
 - After the trace it reads the memory that is mapped
 - Creates a "pack" file
- The next boot reads the "pack" file

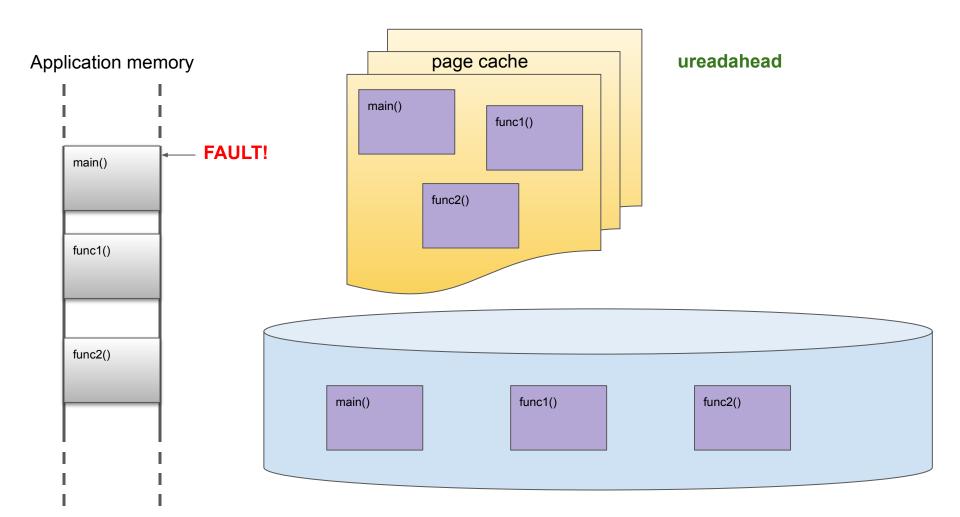
- The first boot traces files opened
 - After the trace it reads the memory that is mapped
 - Creates a "pack" file
- The next boot reads the "pack" file
 - o Calls readahead() system call to prefetch the data from disk

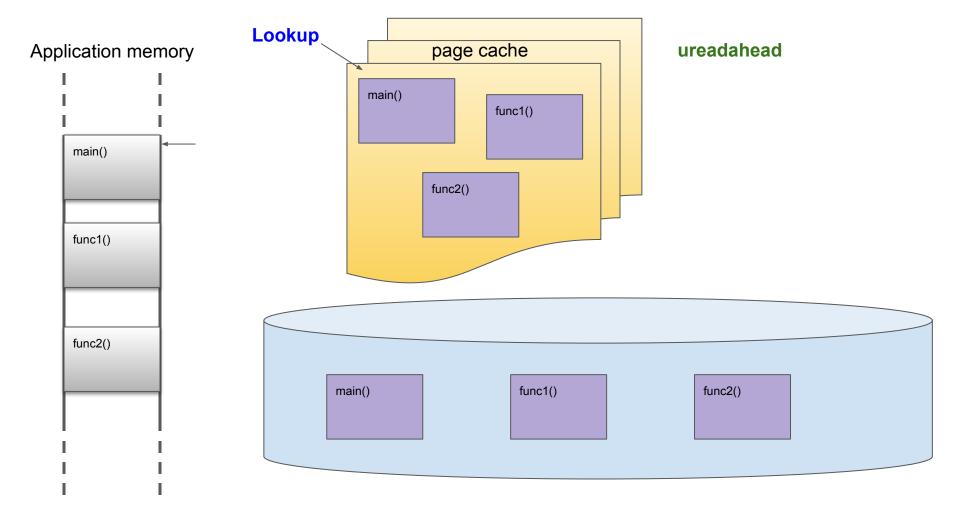
- The first boot traces files opened
 - After the trace it reads the memory that is mapped
 - Creates a "pack" file
- The next boot reads the "pack" file
 - Calls readahead() system call to prefetch the data from disk
 - Races with the application as they start

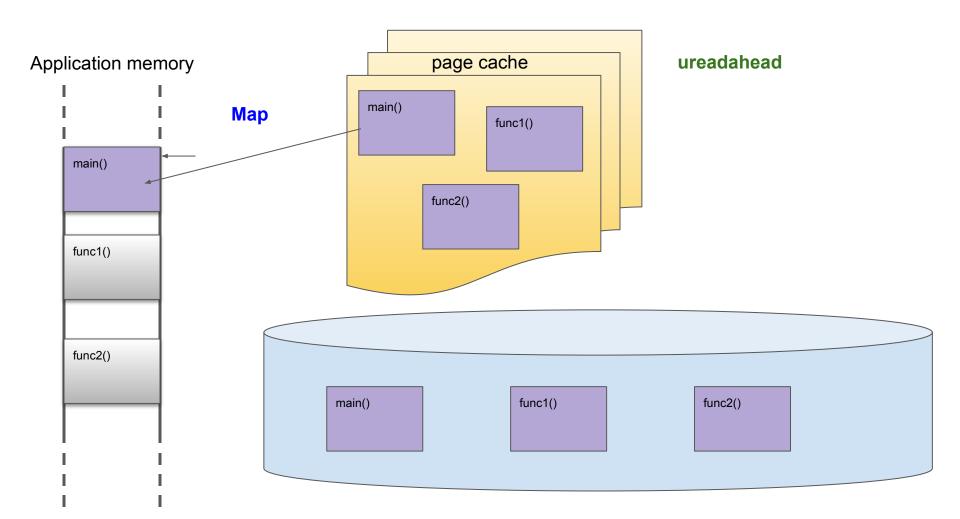
- The first boot traces files opened
 - After the trace it reads the memory that is mapped
 - Creates a "pack" file
- The next boot reads the "pack" file
 - Calls readahead() system call to prefetch the data from disk
 - Races with the application as they start
 - But still has good results











1445888, 131072 bytes (at 18446744073709551615) 1773568, 73728 bytes (at 18446744073709551615)

[..1

```
># ureadahead --dump
/usr/lib/x86_64-linux-gnu/libdb-5.3.so (1800 kB), 4 blocks (396 kB)
 [#######
      65536, 4096 bytes (at 18446744073709551615)
      135168, 196608 bytes (at 18446744073709551615)
      1445888, 131072 bytes (at 18446744073709551615)
      1773568, 73728 bytes (at 18446744073709551615)
[\ldots]
  offset
```

physical address of block device

length

• ChromeOS uses it

- ChromeOS uses it
 - Ironically Scott James Remnant was not involved at all with it

- ChromeOS uses it
 - Ironically Scott James Remnant was not involved at all with it
- ChromeOS testing showed significant improvements with it!

- ChromeOS uses it
 - Ironically Scott James Remnant was not involved at all with it
- ChromeOS testing showed significant improvements with it!

```
$ bootperf -o /tmp/test-${BOARD} ${DUT}
```

- ChromeOS uses it
 - Ironically Scott James Remnant was not involved at all with it
- ChromeOS testing showed significant improvements with it!

```
$ bootperf -o /tmp/test-${BOARD} ${DUT}
$ less /tmp/test-${BOARD}/run.001/summary/results.json
    "seconds_kernel_to_login": {
        "summary": {
             "units": "seconds",
             "improvement_direction": "down",
             "type": "list_of_scalar_values",
             "values": [
                7.445.
                6.275,
                6.642,
                6.175,
                6.261,
                6.118,
                6.648.
                6.642,
                6.241,
                6.273
```

- ChromeOS uses it
 - Ironically Scott James Remnant was not involved at all with it
- ChromeOS testing showed significant improvements with it!

```
$ bootperf -o /tmp/test-${BOARD} ${DUT}
$ less /tmp/test-${BOARD}/run.001/summary/results.json
    "seconds_kernel_to_login": {
        "summary": {
            "units": "seconds",
            "improvement_direction": "down",
            "type": "list_of_scalar_values",
            "values": [
                         First Boot (no pack file)
                6.275,
                6.642,
                6.175,
                6.261,
                6.118,
                6.648,
                6.642,
                6.241,
                6.273
```

- ChromeOS uses it
 - Ironically Scott James Remnant was not involved at all with it
- ChromeOS testing showed significant improvements with it!

```
$ bootperf -o /tmp/test-${BOARD} ${DUT}
$ less /tmp/test-${BOARD}/run.001/summary/results.json
    "seconds_kernel_to_login": {
        "summary": {
            "units": "seconds",
            "improvement_direction": "down",
            "type": "list_of_scalar_values",
            "values": [
                7.445.
                6.275.
                6.642,
                6.175.
                6.261.
                         Subsequent Boots (with pack file)
                6.118.
                6.648,
                6.642,
                6.241,
                6.273
```

- ChromeOS uses it
 - Ironically Scott James Remnant was not involved at all with it
- ChromeOS testing showed significant improvements with it!

```
$ bootperf -o /tmp/test-${BOARD} ${DUT}
$ less /tmp/test-${BOARD}/run.001/summary/results.json
    "seconds_kernel_to_login": {
        "summary": {
            "units": "seconds",
            "improvement_direction": "down",
            "type": "list_of_scalar_values",
            "values": [
                7.445.
                6.275.
                6.642,
                6.175.
                6.261.
                         Subsequent Boots (with pack file)
                6.118.
                                                                     14.5% savings!
                6.648,
                6.642,
                6.241,
                6.273
```

Started in 2009 by Scott James Remnant at Canonical

- Started in 2009 by Scott James Remnant at Canonical
 - Again, he now works for Google!

- Started in 2009 by Scott James Remnant at Canonical
 - Again, he now works for Google!
- Adds two trace events to the kernel

- Started in 2009 by Scott James Remnant at Canonical
 - Again, he now works for Google!
- Adds two trace events to the kernel
 - do_sys_open
 - open_exec
 - uselib

- Started in 2009 by Scott James Remnant at Canonical
 - Again, he now works for Google!
- Adds two trace events to the kernel
 - o do_sys_open
 - open_exec
 - uselib
 - Yes, I know that's three, but the last one was used but not any more

- Started in 2009 by Scott James Remnant at Canonical
 - Again, he now works for Google!
- Adds two trace events to the kernel
 - do_sys_open
 - o open_exec
 - uselib
 - Yes, I know that's three, but the last one was used but not any more
 - Uses this information to find out what files were opened

- Started in 2009 by Scott James Remnant at Canonical
 - Again, he now works for Google!
- Adds two trace events to the kernel
 - do_sys_open
 - open_exec
 - uselib
 - Yes, I know that's three, but the last one was used but not any more
 - Uses this information to find out what files were opened
 - But can not handle relative paths!

- Started in 2009 by Scott James Remnant at Canonical
 - Again, he now works for Google!
- Adds two trace events to the kernel
 - o do_sys_open
 - open_exec
 - uselib
 - Yes, I know that's three, but the last one was used but not any more
 - Uses this information to find out what files were opened
 - But can not handle relative paths!
- The trace events were NACK'd by the upstream maintainer

- Started in 2009 by Scott James Remnant at Canonical
 - Again, he now works for Google!
- Adds two trace events to the kernel
 - o do sys open
 - o open exec
 - uselib
 - Yes, I know that's three, but the last one was used but not any more
 - Uses this information to find out what files were opened
 - But can not handle relative paths!
- The trace events were NACK'd by the upstream maintainer
- Requires modification of the kernel to work

- Started in 2009 by Scott James Remnant at Canonical
 - Again, he now works for Google!
- Adds two trace events to the kernel
 - do_sys_open
 - o open exec
 - uselib
 - Yes, I know that's three, but the last one was used but not any more
 - Uses this information to find out what files were opened
 - But can not handle relative paths!
- The trace events were NACK'd by the upstream maintainer
- Requires modification of the kernel to work
- mincore() does not give any idea of what order the files are read

In 2011 Scott James Remnant left Canonical

• In 2011 Scott James Remnant left Canonical for Google

- In 2011 Scott James Remnant left Canonical for Google
- ureadahead went into "maintenance mode"

- In 2011 Scott James Remnant left Canonical for Google
- ureadahead went into "maintenance mode"
 - This required forward porting the trace event patches

- In 2011 Scott James Remnant left Canonical for Google
- ureadahead went into "maintenance mode"
 - This required forward porting the trace event patches
- Nobody took over maintainership

- In 2011 Scott James Remnant left Canonical for Google
- ureadahead went into "maintenance mode"
 - This required forward porting the trace event patches
- Nobody took over maintainership
- Now unsupported by Canonical

- In 2011 Scott James Remnant left Canonical for Google
- ureadahead went into "maintenance mode"
 - This required forward porting the trace event patches
- Nobody took over maintainership
- Now unsupported by Canonical
- The trace event patches stopped being forward ported by Canonical

- In 2011 Scott James Remnant left Canonical for Google
- ureadahead went into "maintenance mode"
 - This required forward porting the trace event patches
- Nobody took over maintainership
- Now unsupported by Canonical
- The trace event patches stopped being forward ported by Canonical
 - ureadahead stopped working!

- In 2011 Scott James Remnant left Canonical for Google
- ureadahead went into "maintenance mode"
 - This required forward porting the trace event patches
- Nobody took over maintainership
- Now unsupported by Canonical
- The trace event patches stopped being forward ported by Canonical
 - ureadahead stopped working!
 - I guess nobody knew why

- In 2011 Scott James Remnant left Canonical for Google
- ureadahead went into "maintenance mode"
 - This required forward porting the trace event patches
- Nobody took over maintainership
- Now unsupported by Canonical
- The trace event patches stopped being forward ported by Canonical
 - ureadahead stopped working!
 - I guess nobody knew why
 - I guess they just thought it was broken

- In 2011 Scott James Remnant left Canonical for Google
- ureadahead went into "maintenance mode"
 - This required forward porting the trace event patches
- Nobody took over maintainership
- Now unsupported by Canonical
- The trace event patches stopped being forward ported by Canonical
 - ureadahead stopped working!
 - I guess nobody knew why
 - I guess they just thought it was broken
 - Canonical eventually stopped supporting it

- In 2011 Scott James Remnant left Canonical for Google
- ureadahead went into "maintenance mode"
 - This required forward porting the trace event patches
- Nobody took over maintainership
- Now unsupported by Canonical
- The trace event patches stopped being forward ported by Canonical
 - ureadahead stopped working!
 - I guess nobody knew why
 - I guess they just thought it was broken
 - Canonical eventually stopped supporting it
 - Last update was in 2017

- ChromeOS is the last user of it
 - We maintain it and patch our kernel for the two needed trace events

- ChromeOS is the last user of it
 - We maintain it and patch our kernel for the two needed trace events
 - No, Scott James Remnant does not help us with it.

- ChromeOS is the last user of it
 - We maintain it and patch our kernel for the two needed trace events
 - No, Scott James Remnant does not help us with it.
- It is mostly held together with band-aid patches

- ChromeOS is the last user of it
 - We maintain it and patch our kernel for the two needed trace events
 - No, Scott James Remnant does not help us with it.
- It is mostly held together with band-aid patches
- Breaks with certain updates to the kernel

- ChromeOS is the last user of it
 - We maintain it and patch our kernel for the two needed trace events
 - No, Scott James Remnant does not help us with it.
- It is mostly held together with band-aid patches
- Breaks with certain updates to the kernel
- Needs a new rewrite

- ChromeOS is the last user of it
 - We maintain it and patch our kernel for the two needed trace events
 - No, Scott James Remnant does not help us with it.
- It is mostly held together with band-aid patches
- Breaks with certain updates to the kernel
- Needs a new rewrite
- I decided to start doing so

- Use libtracefs
 - Interface to access the tracefs file system

- Use libtracefs
 - Interface to access the tracefs file system
 - Paths were hardcoded (tracefs is not guaranteed to be mounted at the default location)

Use libtracefs

- Interface to access the tracefs file system
- Paths were hardcoded (tracefs is not guaranteed to be mounted at the default location)
- libtracefs searches /proc/mounts to find it
- libtracefs mounts it if not already mounted

- Use libtracefs
 - Interface to access the tracefs file system
 - Paths were hardcoded (tracefs is not guaranteed to be mounted at the default location)
 - libtracefs searches /proc/mounts to find it
 - libtracefs mounts it if not already mounted
- Remove use of the non mainline trace events

- Use libtracefs
 - Interface to access the tracefs file system
 - Paths were hardcoded (tracefs is not guaranteed to be mounted at the default location)
 - o libtracefs searches /proc/mounts to find it
 - libtracefs mounts it if not already mounted
- Remove use of the non mainline trace events
- Tracing open calls can not handle relative paths

- Use libtracefs
 - Interface to access the tracefs file system
 - Paths were hardcoded (tracefs is not guaranteed to be mounted at the default location)
 - libtracefs searches /proc/mounts to find it
 - libtracefs mounts it if not already mounted
- Remove use of the non mainline trace events
- Tracing open calls can not handle relative paths
- Must be a better trace event to use

- Use libtracefs
 - Interface to access the tracefs file system
 - Paths were hardcoded (tracefs is not guaranteed to be mounted at the default location)
 - o libtracefs searches /proc/mounts to find it
 - libtracefs mounts it if not already mounted
- Remove use of the non mainline trace events
- Tracing open calls can not handle relative paths
- Must be a better trace event to use
 - Remember that mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache event we used?

- Use libtracefs
 - Interface to access the tracefs file system
 - Paths were hardcoded (tracefs is not guaranteed to be mounted at the default location)
 - libtracefs searches /proc/mounts to find it
 - libtracefs mounts it if not already mounted
- Remove use of the non mainline trace events
- Tracing open calls can not handle relative paths
- Must be a better trace event to use
 - Remember that mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache event we used?
- Can trace even the order pages were mapped in

- Use libtracefs
 - Interface to access the tracefs file system
 - Paths were hardcoded (tracefs is not guaranteed to be mounted at the default location)
 - libtracefs searches /proc/mounts to find it
 - libtracefs mounts it if not already mounted
- Remove use of the non mainline trace events
- Tracing open calls can not handle relative paths
- Must be a better trace event to use
 - Remember that mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache event we used?
- Can trace even the order pages were mapped in
- Doesn't even care about "relative paths"

Use the mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache event

```
chrome-4098 [004] 154614.283083: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x2711c3 ofs=1196032 order=0
```

Use the mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache event

```
chrome-4098 \quad [004] \quad 154614.283083: \quad mm\_file map\_add\_to\_page\_cache: \\ \ dev \quad \textbf{254:3} \quad ino \quad \textbf{13f82f} \quad pfn=0 \times 2711 c3 \quad ofs=\textbf{1196032} \quad order=0 \\ \ dev \quad \textbf{254:3} \quad ino \quad \textbf{13f82f} \quad pfn=0 \times 2711 c3 \quad ofs=\textbf{1196032} \quad order=0 \\ \ dev \quad \textbf{254:3} \quad ino \quad \textbf{254:3} \quad ino \quad \textbf{254:3} \quad ino \quad \textbf{254:3} \quad ofs=\textbf{254:3} \\ \ dev \quad \textbf{254:3} \quad ofs=\textbf{254:3} \quad ofs=\textbf{254:3} \\ \ dev \quad \textbf{254:3} \quad ofs=\textbf{254:3} \\ \ dev \quad
```

Check /proc/self/mountinfo

```
28 1 254:3 / / rw,relatime shared:1 - ext4 /dev/vda3 rw,errors=remount-ro
```

Use the mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache event

```
chrome-4098 [004] 154614.283083: mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache: dev 254:3 ino 13f82f pfn=0x2711c3 ofs=1196032 order=0
```

Check /proc/self/mountinfo

```
28 1 254:3 / / rw,relatime shared:1 - ext4 /dev/vda3 rw,errors=remount-ro
```

- Searches the files on the device for a matching inode number
 - Uses getdents64() to quickly find files
 - Returns several inodes at once with the file names attached

Use the mm_filemap_add_to_page_cache event

Check /proc/self/mountinfo

```
28 1 254:3 / / rw,relatime shared:1 - ext4 /dev/vda3 rw,errors=remount-ro
```

- Searches the files on the device for a matching inode number
 - Uses getdents64() to quickly find files
 - Returns several inodes at once with the file names attached

https://github.com/rostedt/ureadahead/tree/devel

• Split the tracing and creation of the pack file from reading it

- Split the tracing and creation of the pack file from reading it
 - One application to just trace and create the file

- Split the tracing and creation of the pack file from reading it
 - One application to just trace and create the file
 - One application that reads the pack file and calls readahead()

- Split the tracing and creation of the pack file from reading it
 - One application to just trace and create the file
 - One application that reads the pack file and calls readahead()
 - Make a series of pack files for different use cases

- Split the tracing and creation of the pack file from reading it
 - One application to just trace and create the file
 - One application that reads the pack file and calls readahead()
 - Make a series of pack files for different use cases
- Make it smarter

- Split the tracing and creation of the pack file from reading it
 - One application to just trace and create the file
 - One application that reads the pack file and calls readahead()
 - Make a series of pack files for different use cases
- Make it smarter
 - Read the the portions of the file in order

- Split the tracing and creation of the pack file from reading it
 - One application to just trace and create the file
 - One application that reads the pack file and calls readahead()
 - Make a series of pack files for different use cases
- Make it smarter
 - Read the the portions of the file in order
 - Know the timestamps

- Split the tracing and creation of the pack file from reading it
 - One application to just trace and create the file
 - One application that reads the pack file and calls readahead()
 - Make a series of pack files for different use cases
- Make it smarter
 - Read the the portions of the file in order
 - Know the timestamps
 - Can skip things that are likely being read by the current application

- Split the tracing and creation of the pack file from reading it
 - One application to just trace and create the file
 - One application that reads the pack file and calls readahead()
 - Make a series of pack files for different use cases
- Make it smarter
 - Read the the portions of the file in order
 - Know the timestamps
 - Can skip things that are likely being read by the current application
- Rewrite in Rust?

- Split the tracing and creation of the pack file from reading it
 - One application to just trace and create the file
 - One application that reads the pack file and calls readahead()
 - Make a series of pack files for different use cases
- Make it smarter
 - Read the the portions of the file in order
 - Know the timestamps
 - Can skip things that are likely being read by the current application
- Rewrite in Rust?
- What other ideas do you have?

Questions?