

Dinh Nguyen
Senior Embedded SW Engineer
ELC Dublin 2015



Introduction

- Embedded Linux Group at Altera in Austin, TX
- Maintainer for arch/arm/mach-socfpga in Linux



Agenda

- Background of Altera's open source activity/non-activity
 - Focus on the Linux kernel and U-Boot
- Downstream environment and solutions
 - Network, machines, tools, legal framework
- Reap the Benefits Upstreaming
 - Upgrades, customers, suppliers
- Suffer the consequences of NOT Upstreaming
- Goal
 - Share war stories
 - Highlight how obstacles were overcame



Background: Altera

- Provides logic solutions which include FPGAs, SoCs, CPLDs and power management products.
 - FPGA = Field Programmable Gate Array
 - CPLD = Complex Programmable Logic device
 - designed to be configured by a customer or a designer after manufacturing
 - SoC's combine ARM CPU's with FPGA's on the same die



Background

What is SoCFPGA?

- SoC + FPGA
- ARM CPU + Hardened IPs + FPGA
- Cyclone5/Arria5/Arria10
 - Dual Cortex A9 + FPGA
- Stratix10 Quad-core 64-bit (A53) + FPGA
- Upstream effort started in 2012

Nios II

- Proprietary CPU architecture, designed to fit on Altera FPGAs
- Upstream GCC support
- Was completely down stream until v3.19
- Now completely upstreamed







Background: Altera's upstreaming activity

- In Linux kernel (kernel.org)
 - v3.5
 - 0 patches with altera.com emails
 - v4.2
 - 251 patches with altera.com emails
 - Support for SoCFPGA cyclone5, arria5 and arria10 devkits
 - Support for NIOS II
 - Drivers(USB, STMMAC, TSE, etc..)
 - 5 people from Altera listed in MAINTAINERS file
- In U-Boot
 - v2012.04
 - 0 patches with altera.com emails
 - v2015.10
 - 48 patches with altera.com emails
 - Support for SoCFPGA cyclone5, arria5





Background

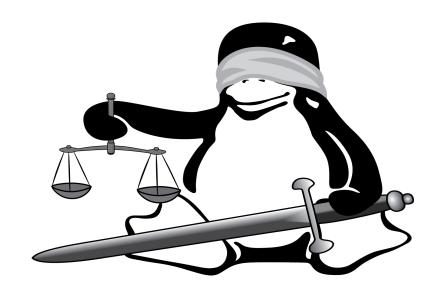
What we knew about upstreaming!

- Management buy-in
- Upstreaming is important and will benefit.
 - See Greg KH's[1] many talks, and Tim Bird's[2] 2014 ELCE talk.
- Some patches could benefit competitor
 - Usually an issue for most companies
- Goal is to stay up to date with community release
- Scheduling
 - Upstream patches first
 - Cannot forecast patches acceptance
- No dedicated "upstreaming team"
 - Push comes to shove, upstreaming gets de-prioritized



Legal Environment

- Work with your legal department on a framework
 - Acceptance of upstreaming
 - What is upstreaming?
 - Which projects can you contribute to?
 - GPLv2, GPLv2+, BSD
 - What can/can't be upstreamed
 - Hopefully all kernel code can be upstreamed
 - Validity of confidential stamp on emails
 - Some corporations add legal disclaimers to emails





Differences between most Corporations and Community

	Most Corporations	Community
Email	Outlook	Evolution,Thunderbird, Pine, Mutt, text-based
Source Code Revision	ClearCase/CVS/SVN	GIT
Coding standards	Internal/Proprietary/Personal	/Documentation/CodingStyle
Issue Tracking	ClearQuest, FogBugz	Email, patchworks
Release strategy	Tarballs, ZIP files	GIT repo
Workstation	Microsoft Windows	Linux
IT security	Firewalls	Relatively Open



Environment(cont.)

- Email support
 - Avoid Outlook
 - Formatting issues
 - Cannot apply patches with 'git am'
 - Company email policy
 - Legal disclaimers
 - Most have a SMTP port for outbound patches
 - Replies
 - Have an email address that you can access anywhere.
 - Use SMTP port on Evolution
 - Evolution has a work around to handle Outlook
 - Finally got opensource.altera.com



Environment(cont.)

- Source code management
 - Perforce/CVS/SVN/Clearcase
 - Hard to generate patches
 - GIT
 - Claim: "GIT is too hard!"
 - Workflow changes/benefits
 - Get GIT training!
- Coding standards
 - Internal vs. Community
- Issue Tracking
 - Added process
 - ClearQuest/FogBugz
 - Mixture of commit logs in GIT
 - Deploy Patchworks and pull in upstream patches



Environment(cont.)

- Release strategy
 - Tarballs/Package of files
 - Lose a lot of benefits from GIT
 - History of changes 'git blame'
 - Complete history of entire kernel
 - GIT bisect
 - Mixture of GIT repo and release package
 - Maintain GIT benefits
 - Deliver FPGA images
 - www.rocketboards.org/github
- Workstation
 - Virtual Machine
 - Dedicated Linux workstation
- IT Security
 - GIT protocol blocked
 - Separate network for open source work
 - Work remotely



Steps to Upstream a patch

- Get on latest kernel(master) or linux-next
- Develop/test
 - Build test allmoddefconfig/other architectures
 - Run checkpatch.pl
- Send patches via git send-email
 - Can get a lot of responses
 - Can get no responses
 - Friendly pings after ~a week or so
 - Can get a lot of bikeshedding[3]
- Important is to stay engaged with your patches
 - Convince maintainers why your patch(s) are important and should get merged

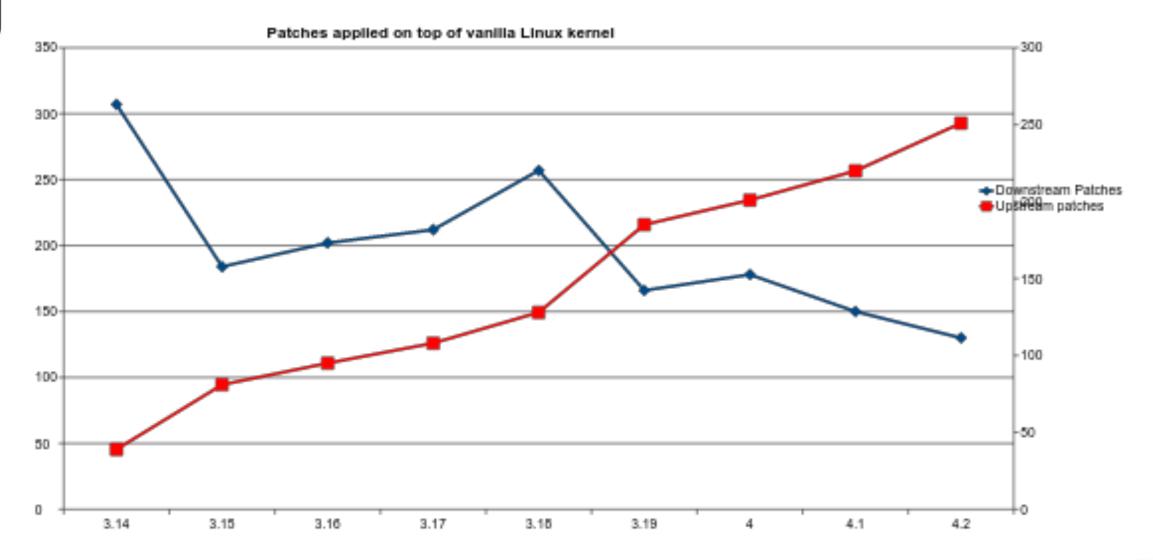


Handling patches

- Goal is to upstream patches first vs applying it locally first
 - Doesn't really happen all of the time
 - Why?
 - Unfamiliar with upstream process
 - Management pressure to deliver
 - Classic mentality of "we can upstream it later" exists
 - Accountability
 - A matter of effort
 - Upstream patches are not a toss over the wall and forget
- Apply accepted upstream patches
 - DTS bindings do not have to change
- Patches are mostly for platform specific
 - FPGA manager is the exception[4]



Benefits of upstreaming





Benefits of Upstreaming(cont.)

Linux upgrade

- Simple as a 'git rebase' and fix a few conflicts
- Take ~2 hours by 1 person
- Can be handled by a small team(testing)

Altera customers/partners feedback

- 100% positive
- Kernel updates can be done very quickly
- Choices

Testing

- SoCFPGA Cyclone5 Devkit part of arm-soc board farm
 - Constantly tested against linux-next
- Will also be part of kernelci.org
- Mainlined drivers get much more test coverage than any internal testing can cover



Consequences of not Upstreaming

- Different versions for different devices
 - Product cycles cannot keep up with Linux changes
 - 8.3 changes per hour in Linux v3.19 kernel [5]
 - v4.2: "1.09 million lines of code were added this time around with 285,000 removed, for a total growth of 800,000 lines of code."
 - Upgrades take more effort
- Cannot test against latest
 - No support for latest
- Effort to combine/upgrade?
 - Estimate is 2 4 weeks
 - Test effort doubles to triples
- Customers stuck on older versions
- Cherry-picking fixes extremely hard
- Community cannot help



Conclusion

- Obstacles can be overcome
- Enable the community!
 - U-Boot support was done almost entirely by Marek Vasut(Denx)[7]



Call to Action

- Drop of your business card at the Altera booth #33 for a chance to win an Atlas SoC evaluation kit
- Meet Altera's Linux experts at the booth
- Checkout Altera's technology showcase at booth #33





References

- [1] https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=L2SED6sewRw
- [2] http://events.linuxfoundation.org/sites/events/files/slides/Overcoming Obstacles to Mainlining-ELCE-2014-with-notes.pdf
- [3] https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Parkinson%27s_law_of_triviality
- [4] https://lkml.org/lkml/2015/8/13/545
- [5] https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=tE3804cOtXA
- [6] https://lwn.net/Articles/654633/
- [7] http://lists.denx.de/pipermail/u-boot/2015-July/220620.html



Thank You



Thank You

