

uClinux - State of the Nation

Presented by

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uClinux

Pronounced "you-see-linux", the name uClinux comes from combining the greek letter "mu" and the english capital "C". "Mu" stands for "micro", and the "C" is for "controller".

- Linux for processors that have no memory management
- targets classic embedded 32bit micro-controllers
- modifications to standard Linux kernel source

History

- 1998 Kenneth Albanowski and D.Jeff Dione release
2.0.33 kernel for Motorola DragonBall
- 1999 Motorola ColdFire support
2.0.38 kernel
ARM support
- 2000 2.4.0 test kernel support
- 2002 shared libraries
2.5.46 uClinux merged with mainline

Status of uClinux-2.0.x

- separate patch, and cvs repository
- currently at 2.0.39
- support for m68k , arm, i960, sh2, h8/300, sparc, or32, nios
- flat format application binaries
- no active development?

Status of uClinux-2.4.x

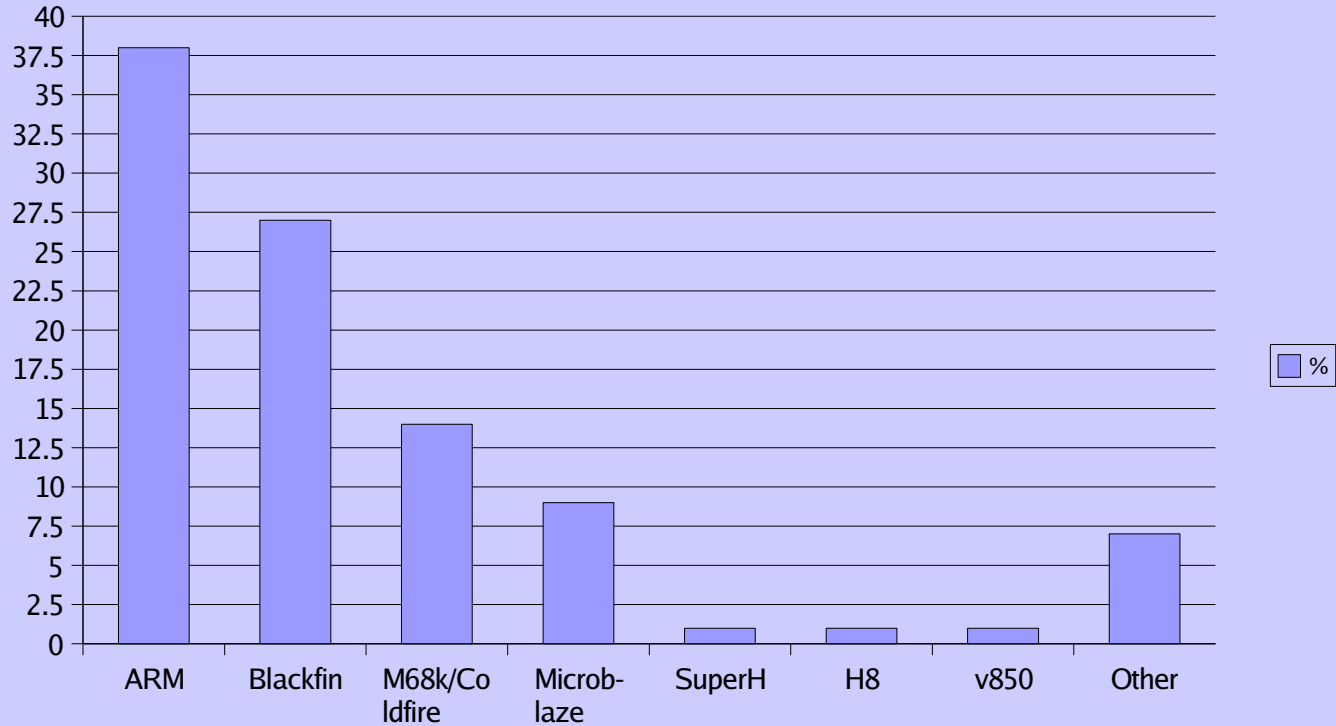
- separate patch, and cvs repository
- currently at 2.4.32
- support for m68k, arm, h8/300, nios, microblaze, blackfin, e1, frv, v850
- forks available for sparc, mips, sh2
- non-integrated mm code
- flat and elf_fdpic format application binaries
- still actively developed and used

Status of uClinux-2.6.x

- fully merged
- mainline support for m68k, h8/300, v850, frv
- in the process of merging ARM
- want to merge blackfin, microblaze
- integrated mm code
- flat and elf_fdpic format application binaries

Popular Architectures?

ucdot poll of most popular architecture



Architectures - M68K

- well supported
- good support for 68328 series (Dragonball)
- good support for ColdFire (520x, 523x, 5249, 527x, 528x, 5307, 532x, 5407)
- some support 68360
- supported in the past 68000, 68302, 68332
- shared libraries
- XIP for kernel and applications

Architectures - ARM

- well supported
- parts from many vendors
- Atmel, Conexant, TI, Samsung, Philips/NXP...
- shared libraries (not integrated at uclinux.org)
- common merged ARM in 2.6 kernels coming
- XIP for kernel and applications

Architectures

NEC v850

- maintained, up to date in 2.6 kernels

Hitachi H8/300

- H and S series processors
- maintained, up to date in 2.6 kernels

Fujitsu FR-V

- variants with MMU and without
- same ELF_FDPIC applications can run on both MMU and MMUless platforms

Architectures - Blackfin

- Analog Devices DSP
- fast and cheap processors
- actively vendor supported
- supports flat and elf_fdpic application binaries
- merged into Andrew Mortons -mm tree
- blackfin.uclinux.org

Architectures

Xilinx Microblaze

- FPGA soft core processor
- active development community
- commercially and freely supported
- potential merge into main line kernel

Altera NIOS-II

- FPGA soft core processor
- vendor/commercial supported
- attempt to main line unknown

Architectures

MIPS

- known ports to Brecis parts, Sony PS1 and PSP
- XIPtech support at 2.4.19

Sparc

- LEON from Gaisler Research
- uClinux version using 2.0.x kernel

Hitachi SuperH SH2

- support in 2.6 kernels
- status unknown?

Architectures

Hyperstone E1

- active development unknown?
- last kernel support known 2.4.x

OpenCores OR1000

- general software CPU for FPGA
- current status unknown?
- last known kernel support 2.4.x

Limitations

- *vfork* (and *clone*) – no true fork
- *sbrk* – limited use/functionality
use of *mmap* largely hides this
- *mmap*, *mremap* – some restrictions
- no memory protection
no paging
memory fragmentation
(some limited protection on some architectures)
- fixed size user space stacks
cannot be dynamically grown

non MM Status

- recent *mmap* clean ups
- standard buddy allocator fragments badly
need to be able to do large chunk allocations
- `page_alloc2` in 2.0 and 2.4 kernels
- “sidekick” allocator by Phil Wilshire for 2.6 kernels
- ideas for use of specific MPU's

Application Binary Formats

flat format

- small header + text + data + relocs
- supports shared libs
- supports PIC
- supports storing compress text

elf_fdpic format

- elf object format
- supports shared libs

Tools

- standard linux targeted tool chain usually ok
- “uclinux” targets for some architectures (eg m68k-uclinux)
- historically “elf” target was used (eg arm-elf)
- gcc main line supports PIC, msep-data, id-shared-library options on some architectures (m68k, blackfin)
- elf2flt easily adds onto existing architecture tool chain if using flat format binaries

Simulators

- Skyeye (www.skyeye.org)
supports ARM, blackfin, coldfire
- GDB/ARMuLator
- NEC v850 GDB simulator
- Sparc LEON TSIM
- ...

Myths

1. *But all processors will have MMUs soon?*

Many vendors still developing new silicon
Price/complexity lower

2. *But it is not real Linux right?*

Get linux-2.6.20 and compile for non-MMU, how
can you get more Linux than that!

Resources

www.uclinux.org

www.ucdot.org